Corn and Agricultural Show This Week---Wilmington Will Welcome You!

THE WEATHER.

Rain and colder Monday; Tuesday fair and much colder.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

BIGGEST EVER!

Corn and Agricultural Show, Nov. 16-19. Reduced rates on all railroads.

VOL. XCVII—NO. 53 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 39,383

AMERICAN OFFICIALS BECOME UNEASY OVER THE ANCONA INCIDENT

Intensified by Failure to Hear From Ambassadors at Rome and Vienna.

REPORTS CONFLICTING

Italian Government Claims the Liner Was Attacked by German Submarine.

Austria Admits It was an Austrian Vessel.

Washington, Nov. 14. — Conflicting press dispatches today concerning the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona caused uneasiness among high government officials, which was intensified through their failure to receive any official information from either Ambassador Page, at Rome, or Ambassador Penfield, at Vienna.

Claims Are Conflicting.

Secretary Lansing read without comment dispatches purporting to give the official views of the Italian and Austrian governments, the former claiming the Ancona was torpedoed by a German submarine, while her boats were being lowered, and the latter admitting that an Austrian submarine was responsible, but declaring that ample time was given passengers and crew to escape.

Until the emabssies at Rome and Vienna cable definite information the American government will be unable to take any steps diplomatically.

The Austrian statement as quoted in dispatches, makes it appear that the Ancona after being halted, did not put her passengers off in the boats in the 45 minutes time given for that purpose. The appearance of another ship is given as the reason for torpedoing the vessel at the end of that period.

Would Develop New Case.

Although the United States has insisted that vessels carrying non-combatants be not sunk without warning, no case has as yet developed the view of the Washington government as to what time is considered ample for the purpose beyond the general statement that all passengers should be moved to a place of safety, as provided in the "declaration of London."

The charge of the Austrian authorities, that the Ancona crew was negligent and that the passengers might have been saved, but for the panic, has introduced a new phase into the submarine controversy. Officials are so completely in the dark, however, as to the facts that they would not hazard tonight any predictions as to whether or not the case would become an international incident of grave importance.

Might Become Serious.

If it should develop that the ship was sunk by a German submarine, it was regarded as probable that the entire submarine controversy might assume renewed seriousness.

The assumption of responsibility by the American government would lead, it is believed, to an exchange of views between the Vienna and the Washington governments relative to submarine operations in order that Americans might be safeguarded in the future, and responsibility fixed for the losses sustained in the Ancona tragedy.

The Austro-Hungarian admiralty's statement regarding the sinking of the Ancona made public through the Overeas News Agency, at Berlin, was cabled by the admiralty tonight to the Austro-Hungarian embassy here.

AUSTRIA ADMITS SINKING

Says If Lives Were Lost It Was Through Fault of Liner's Crew.

Berlin, Nov. 14.—(By wireless to Sayville).—The Austro-Hungarian admiralty today officially announced that the Italian steamship Ancona attempted to escape after a warning shot had been fired across her bow and that she only stopped after being shelled several times by an Austrian submarine, says the Overseas News Agency.

The submarine commander, it is further asserted, allowed the Ancona's passengers and crew 45 minutes to abandon the ship, after which the vessel was torpedoed. The report that the submarine fired on the life boats is denied.

The statement, issued by the Austro-Hungarian admiralty, after declaring that the foreign press had spread false rumors regarding the Ancano incident, says the sinking took place as follows:

"The submarine fired one shot in front of the Ancona's prow whereupon the steamer fled at full speed, in accordance with the order issued by the Italian authorities to ship commanders to flee or to sink the submarine. The submarine pursued the steamer and continued firing, but the vessel stopped only after being hit several times.

"The submarine allowed 45 minutes for the passengers and crew to abandon the steamer, on which panic reigned, but only a small number of boats were lowered and these were occupied principally by the crew.

"A great number of boats, probably

(Continued on Page Eight.)

ACTIVITY AGAINST VILLA ARMY BEGUN

Obregon Has Ordered Big Force to Take Field.

CARDENAS TAKES NACO

Arredondo Says Carranza is Fast Restoring Order Throughout Mexico—Confident He Will Soon Conquer Villa Forces.

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 14. — General Obregon began an active campaign today against General Villa's army. On his arrival at Agua Prieta from Nogales, General Obregon ordered between 4,000 and 5,000 men to take the field. This column, accompanied by 16 field pieces, is encamped tonight 12 miles southwest of here.

Naco, Sonora, was occupied without resistance today by 1,500 Carranza cavalry, under Colonel Cardenas. Leaving a small garrison, Col. Cardenas immediately went in pursuit of a Villa column which has been operating near Naco.

It was not announced whe'er Obregon or General Calles would take command of the field column sent out today, but the troops sent west composed largely of Obregon's men, brought recently through the United States from Piedras Negras, under command of General Francisco Manzo.

POPE NOT ASKED TO MAKE REPRESENTATIONS FOR PEACE

Denies Report That the Kaiser Had Made the Request.

Rome, Nov. 14 (via Paris).—The assertion made in various quarters recently that Emperor William had written to Pope Benedict, asking the Pope to obtain a truce from the Allies, was emphatically denied at the Vatican today. Officials at the Vatican declared that neither side had made any representations to the pontiff looking for peace. They added that no negotiations for peace were taking place and that there was no probability that pour parlers for peace would be started.

A dispatch from Rome last Monday credited the Giornale D'Italia with the statement that a mysterious envoy from the ruler of one of the belligerent nations was in Rome. His mission, it was added, had not been accomplished and it was not known whether he was awaiting the reply from the Vatican or orders from his chief.

STATEMENT TO NEUTRALS.

Italian Government Denies Attack was Necessity of War.

Rome, via London, Nov. 14. — The Italian government has sent an official communication to the neutral governments dealing with the sinking by a submarine of the Italian liner Ancona. The note denies that the Ancona carried any arms or contraband or persons in belligerent military service, or that there were any circumstances justifying such an attack as a necessity of war.

The note declares that the submarine began to cannonade the Ancona without any previous warning or a blank shot, and fired without respite at the wireless apparatus, the decks, and even at the boats, in which pasengers were attempting to escape.

"Many of these," adds the note, "were killed or wounded, while many who approached the submarine were driven off with jeers. Thus nearly 200 people were drowned."

PARLIAMENT REASSEMBLES

Usual Ceremonies Accompany Opening of Turkish Body

Constantinople, Nov. 14.—Via London, Nov. 15).—Parliament reassembled today with the usual ceremonies in the presence of the sultan, the heir apparent, the Shiek Ul Islam and the grand vizier. In the speech from the throne reference was made to the new alliance with the Central Powers and the opening of direct communication between Berlin and Vienna and Constantinople.

THIRTY PERSONS DIE IN AIR RAID OVER VERONA

Rome, (via Paros, Nov. 14).—Thirty persons are dead in Verona as a result of three Austrian aeroplanes dropping bombs on the city. Thirty other persons were seriously and nineteen slightly injured.

The bombs of the aircraft found most of their victims in the principal square of the city where citizens and peasants from the outlying districts were attending the market. Nineteen persons were killed by one bomb.

The aeroplanes visited various parts of the city, but none of the missles dropped by them fell near any of the military buildings.

AMATEUR RECORDS ARE MADE PUBLIC

Amateur Athletic Union in Annual Meeting Today.

[C]HAMPIONS ANNOUNCED

[Ad]option of President Prominent Feature—Religious Services in Honor of Late James E. Sullivan Held Yesterday.

New York, Nov. 14.—Most of the delegates representing the different divisions of the Amateur Athletic Union, which holds its annual meeting here tomorrow, arrived today. Several of the committees completel reports which will be presented at the meeting. One of the principal topics discussed today was the election of a president to succeed Alfred J. Lill, Jr., of Boston, who has held that office for the last two years.

George J. Turner, of Baltimore, and Seward A. Simons, of Los Angeles, Cal., were prominently mentioned.

Delegates and friends of the late James E. Sullivan, for many years secretary-treasurer of the national organization, today attended religious services in his memory and then participated in the unveiling of a Sullivan memory monument in Calvary cemetery.

The committee reports dealt with national championships, records, registration and legislation. The committee on records passed upon several performances of the past year. The most important of these which they recommended for acceptance follow:

Running—60-yard dash, indoor, 6 2-5 seconds, R. A. Carroll, Indiana Normal School, at Pittsburgh, Pa., July 31, 1914; 300 yard indoor, 32 2-5 seconds, A. T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C., New York, March 2, 1914; 600-yard, indoor, 1 minute 13 2-5 seconds, T. J. Halpin, Boston A. A., New York, March 2, 1914; one mile run, outdoor, world's record, 4 minutes 12 3-5 seconds, made by Norman S. Taber, Boston A. A., Harvard stadium, Cambridge, Mass., July 16, 1915; relay, 1,760 yards, outdoor (for men each running 440 yards), 3 minutes 18 seconds, University of Pennsylvania team (F. Kaufman, J. Lockwood, D. Lippincott and J. E. Meredith), made at Philadelphia, April 24, 1915.

Walking—Five-mile, outdoor, 36 minutes 10 seconds; six mile outdoor, 43 minutes 28 2-5 seconds; seven mile outdoor, 50 minutes 40 4-5 seconds; all made by George H. Goulding, Toronto Central Walkers' Club, made at New Brunswick, N. J., October 23, 1915.

Hurdles—440 yard, 3-foot hurdles, outdoor, 54 3-5 seconds, made by William H. Means, Boston A. A., Cambridge, Mass., July 16, 1915; 220 yard, 2-feet 6-inch hurdles, outdoor, around a turn, 24 2-5 seconds, F. W. Kelly, University of Southern California, made at Los Angeles, May 22, 1915.

PLANTING OF SACRED RICE AT CORONATION

Was One of Most Picturesque of All the Rites.

Regulations Have Certain Forms of Divination—Fields Selected in Yuki District and in Suki Region —Description.

Kioto, Nov. 14.—One of the most picturesque of all the coronation rites were those connected with the planting, growth and serving of the rice to be offered by the Emperor to the spirits of the imperial ancestors and the dieties of heaven and earth. The regulations concerning the planting take account of certain forms of divination.

The fields to be honored with the planting and growth of the sacred rice were selected from the region to the southwest of Kioto, called the Yuki district, and others in the northwestern district of Kioto known as the Suki region. In making the choice the officials concerned rely upon the finding of the diviners, who, taking the thinnest part of a deer's shoulder blade and a branch of the habaka, a species of cherry tree, plce the latter in a fire and then apply the burning brand to the deer's bone until the bone splits with the heat. The direction of the split decides the fields to be selected. The bone has been used from the earliest times, but latterly the use of the bone was rplaced by a piece of polished tortoise shell which is subjected to the same proceedings.

The ceremonies for deciding the fields for the planting and growth of the sacred rice for the present coronation were held before the imperial ancestors' shrine of the imperial palace in Tokio. The hall was decorated and the ceremony was officiated by Prince Iwakura, chief ritualist, and other ritualists attired in ancient ceremonial robes. The ceremony was opened with music; food offerings were presented

(Continued on Page Eight.)

'DISLOYAL' TO THE PRESIDENT, LOSES JOB IN POSTOFFICE

President Knew Nothing of Removal of Assistant Post Master at Winnetka.

OUSTED BY POST MASTER

Made Remark About Mr. Wilson's Engagement; Service Also "Unsatisfactory."

Washington, Nov. 14.—A statement was issued at the White House tonight saying that the action of Postmaster A. M. Kleopfer, at Winnetka, Ill., in removing his assistant from office because he criticised President Wilson's engagement to be married was taken "without the authority or knowledge of the President." Published reports brought the incident to the attention of White House officials today, and at the same time it was learned that the dismissed assistant postmaster, George Burkitt, had vainly appealed to the Postoffice Department to overrule his superior.

Postmaster Kleopfer, according to published correspondence, called upon Burkitt to explain a remark credited to him that the President should "wait at least a year before re-marrying." Burkitt admitted making the statement in the course of a general conversation in the postoffice, but denied being guilty of any disrespect. Then the postmaster, charging him withdisloyalty and calling attention to the demerits placed against his record for "unsatisfactory service," asked for his resignation.

Claimed Removal Irregular.

In appealing to the Postoffice Department Burkitt protected that his removal had been irregular; that no formal charges had been filed against him and that he had been given no opportunity to reply. Daniel C. Roper, third assistant postmaster general, is said to have replied that the civil service laws had been fully complied with.

Mr. Roper, when asked about the case tonight, said he did not remember it very clearly, but had the impression that matters other than the remarks about the President led to Burkett's removal. He said he probably would issue a statement tomorrow.

BURKITT DEFENDS HIMSELF

Says He Meant No Disrespect to President—Had No Demerits.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—George Burkitt was discharged from his position as assistant postmaster at Winnetka, a suburb on November 4 by Postmaster A.

(Continued On Page Eight.)

War News at a Glance

The Italian government has dispatched a note to neutral governments denying that the Ancona, sunk by a hostile submarine carried arms or contraband, or had on board any person in the military service of the belligerent countries or that there were any circumstances justifying the attack as a necessity of war.

The note further declares that the Ancona was not warned, but was fired upon by the submarine and that boats in which the passengers were attempting to escape also were fired on, many persons being killed or wounded.

The Austro-Hungarian admiralty has issued a statement announcing that the Ancona had been warned by one shot across her bow but that she fled at full speed. When she finally stopped, which was "only after being hit several times," the admiralty says, "the submarine allowed 45 minutes for the crew and passengers to escape."

Denial is made that the submarine shelled the Ancona's life boats, such reports being characterized as "mendacious inventions."

In the only fighting reported from northwestern Russia in the region of Riga the Germans were repulsed by the Russian artillery fire.

Further south Berlin reports for the Germans another advance through the Russian lines near Czartortysk and the repulse of Russian attacks north of the Kovel-Sarney line by the Austro-Hungarians.

Serbian forces continue to retreat in north Serbia. Berlin declares that the Serbians have been thrown back along the whole front and that the Germans nad Bulgarians are advancing from the southern Morava.

In the south the town of Tetovo has been the scene of spirited action. The Serbians captured this place, but later the Bulgarians are reported to have re-captured it.

In the Babuna mountain region, the Serbs and the troops of the Entente Allies have occupied several villages and the French have taken a village and a Bulgar fort north of Valendovo.

In the labyrinth sector in Artois, France, the Germans, by a sudden attack, gained a foothold in one of the French first line trenches, but were driven out, leaving their wounded behind. Otherwise there has been only artillery action on the western line.

Italy's entrance into the Balkan campaign is indicated, according to Saloniki dispatches, by the arrival at that port of the Italian cruiser, Piemonte. This cruiser bombarded and destroyed the railroad station and a large number of cars loaded with war munitions at Dedeaghatch, Bulgaria, on her way to Saloniki.

Austrian aeroplanes have again dropped bombs on Verona, Italy. Thirty persons were killed and 49 injured.

CHICAGO OFFICERS MAKE BIG CAPTURE

Raid Streeter's "District of Lake Michigan."

EXCHANGE FIFTY SHOTS

Streeter, His Wife and Fifteen Others Arrested—Much Beer and Artillery Seized—Woman Wounded in Shooting.

Chicago, Nov. 14—After an exchange of fifty shots the police today captured Captain George Wellington Streeter's "District of Lake Michigan," a plot of filled-in land on the Lake Michigan shore where, until today, Streeter had successfuly defied officers who sought to arrest him on a charge of violation of the Sunday closing order.

Mrs. John Holst, wife of one of Streeter's tenants, was slightly wounded. Streeter, his wife and 15 others were arrested and 192 cases of beer, six rifles, four revolvers and a quantity of ammunition were confiscated.

The land claimed by Streeter by Squatter's right, adjoins the fashionable Lake Shore residence district, and was formed by sand filling in between the wreck of a sailing vessel in which he came here, and the beach. Streeter refused to recognize any authority other than that of the United States.

Had Done Thriving Business

Since Mayor Thompson's Sunday closing order, Streeter is alleged to have done a thriving Sunday business in bottled beer at his shack, and several charges of selling liquor without a license are pending against him.

The main force of the police invaders, consisting of 24 patrolmen, two patrol wagons, an ambulance and a reserve force from the fire department, were stationed today just out of sight of the Streeter shack. Eight detectives entered Streeter's place. After giving his order, one of the detectives signalled to the attacking force and the police charged on the district. Streeter, according to the police, seized a rifle and fired, but was overpowered by the detectives.

Several shots came from adjoining buildings, the police say, and in answering a shot from the house of John Holst, the police are believed to have wounded Mrs. Holst. After the police made their assault a fire company pulled down the shack. A jury found Streeter guilty on one charge of selling liquor without a license last week but he appealed.

Three Charges

Charges of assault with intent to kill, violation of the state tippling law and of keeping a disorderly house, were placed against Streeter. Most of the others were charged with being inmates of a disorderly house. All were released on bond.

A number of years ago, while Streeter and several of the men in his employ were defending the Streeter home against the police in a similar attack, a police official was shot and killed. Streeter and an employee served a term in the penitentiary for that shooting.

On October 12 Mrs. Streeter shot and wounded a policeman who had ar-

(Continued On Page Eight)

AMERICAN HOSPITAL IS OPENED AT PETROGRAD

Institution Re-Equipped and Considerably Enlarged.

Baron Rosen, Formerly Ambassador to U. S., Present—Two Soldiers Respond to Addresses and Thank Americans.

Petrograd, (via London), Nov. 14.—The American hospital was formally opened today, with enlarged quarters, in the presence of Baron Rosen, former Russian ambassador to the United States, and Count Nostritz. City Councilman Sangalli, a patron of the institution, and George T. Marye, the American ambassador, president of the hospital, delivered addresses. Russian friends presented the hospital with a portrait of Grand Duke Alexis, the heir apparent. Two soldiers responded to the addresses in English and thanked the Americans for their gift of the hospital.

The hospital was organized in October, 1914, with twenty beds. It now has forty beds and its appointments, conveniences and equipment are models in every respect. The Americans and Russians present at the reopening of the institution heartily congratulated Ambassador Marye, Frank N. Winship, the secretary, and F. M. Corse, the treasurer, and their assistants on its splendid record.

During the first year the hospital had an income of $15,000 entirely from American sources, and of which $2,500 came from the United States. There were treated in the hospital 169 wounded. From the United States were received 100,000 pieces of medical supplies, which were distributed mainly among Russian ..ospitals. Local American women sewed 3,000 garments for soldiers and their families. Every soldier was equipped with comforts before he returned to the front. The management of the hospital has received many hearty letters of thanks from so..iers and their families.

RANGE BY RANGE THE SERBIANS FALL BACK BEFORE THE TEUTONS

NOTED LEADER OF NEGRO RACE DEAD

Booker Washington Answers Call at Tuskegee, Ala.

HEALTH HAD BEEN POOR

Death Occurred Within Four Hours After He Had Arrived at His Home From New York—Brief Sketch of Life.

Tuskegee, Ala., Nov. 14.—Booker T. Washington, the noted negro educator and founder of Tuskegee Institute, died at his home here early today, four hours after his arrival from New York. Death was due to hardening of the arteries following a nervous breakdown. The negro leader had been in failing health for several months, but his condition became serious only last week while he was in the east. He realized the end was near but was determined to make the long trip South to bear out his oft-expressed statement that he had been "born in the South and expect to die and be buried in the South."

Accompanied by his wife, his secretary and a physician, Washington left New York for Tuskegee Friday. He reached his home last midnight.

Suffered Nervous Breakdown

Specialists who had examined Washington said he was suffering from nervous breakdown and hardening of the arteries. His last public appearance was at the National Conference of Congregational Churches, where he delivered a lecture October 25.

Washington is survived by his wife, three children and four grand-children. His brother, John H. Washington, is superintendent of industries at Tuskegee Institute. The funeral will be held at Tuskegee Institute Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Ambitious in Boyhood

Washington was born in slavery near Hale's Ford, Va., in 1857 or 1858. After the emancipation of his race, he moved with his family to West Virginia. He was an ambitious boy and saved his money for an education. When he was able to scrape together sufficient funds to pay his stage coach fare to Hampton, Va., he entered General Armstrong's school for negroes there and worked his way through an academic course, graduating in 1875. Later he became a teacher in the Hampton Institute where he remained until 1881 when he organized an industrial school for negroes at Tuskegee. He remainder principal of this school up to the time of his death.

The institute started in a rented shanty church and today it owns 3,500 acres of land in Alabama and has nearly 100 buildings valued at half a million dollars.

Washington won the sympathy and support of leading Southerners by a speech in behalf of his race at the Cotton States Exposition in Atlanta in 1895. Of undoubted ability and breadth of vision, his sane leadership enabled him to accomplish more for and among the negroes of the United States than any negro of his time.

Won Fame as Author

In addition to his fame as an educator, Washington gained considerable fame as an author. He received an honorary degree of Master of Arts from Harvard University in 1896 and was given an honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by Dartmouth College in 1901.

An incident of Washington's career made him a figure of National prominence during the administration of President Roosevelt. He sat down to lunch with the President at the White House either by formal or informal invitation. There was a storm of protest, particularly from the South, but in spite of resulting hostility shown toward him by many white persons, Washington continued to exert a widespread influence toward the betterment of his people.

Telegrams of Condolence.

Telegrams of condolence on the death of Dr. Washington poured into the Institute all day and late into the night. Leaders of thought and endeavor in all walks of life are represented in the messages arriving.

William G. Willcox, treasurer of the Investment Commitee of the Board of Trustees, wired:

"His death is a national calamity, but his spirit will still live to inspire and carry forward his great work."

Isaac Fisher, president of Tuskegee Alumni Association, said:

"With the death of Dr. Washington closes one complete chapter of negro history. The whole world is poorer today because he has gone."

ROOSEVELT MOURNS DEATH

Washington "One of Distinguished Citizens of United States"

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov 14.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt made the following statement tonight on the death of Booker T. Washington.

"I am deeply shocked and grieved at the death of Dr. Booker T. Washington. He was one of the distinguished citizens of the United States, a man who rendered greater service to his own race than had ever been rendered by any one else and who, in so doing, also rendered great service to the whole country. I mourn his loss and feel that one of the most useful citizens of our land has gone."

Daily the Invaders Capture Prisoners, Guns and Quantities of Stores.

BUT AT HEAVY LOSSES

Serbians Appear to Hold Their Own Against Bulgarians on Eastern Front.

Small Offensive Moves Taken by Anglo-French.

London, Nov. 14. — The Serbians are falling back from mountain range to mountain range, before the advance of the Austro-German forces, whose official reports enumerate the character of a thousand or more prisoners daily, a few guns and quantities of stores. The Serbians are fighting continuously, however, and are inflicting considerable losses on their pursuers.

Bulgar Attempts Unsuccessful.

Along the eastern front the Serbians appear to be holding their own against the Bulgarians and are making a stand on the western bank of the Morava river. So stubborn has been their resistance the Bulgarians have had to call for assistance from the Austro-German artillery in their effort to drive the defenders out of Katchanik Pass. Thus far, they have been unsuccessful. The British and French troops which are receiving reinforcements, are meeting with some success, and besides repulsing the Bulgarian attacks have undertaken small offensive movements with good results. The Austro-Germans and Bulgarians, however, made such progress from the beginning of the campaign that it will take serious work now to check them.

As to Greek Neutrality.

For the moment the political situation is graver than the military. The Central Powers have again protested to Greece against the landing of allied troops at Saloniki. King Constantine is reported to have replied that as Saloniki is an open port there has been no infringement of Greek rights in the landing, and that Greece will remain neutral until one of the belligerents has transgressed against those rights. France and Italy, who has now joined her allies by sending a warship to Saloniki, are particularly anxious as to the attitude of Greece.

Repel Von Hindenburg's Drive.

The Russians have definitely repelled Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's drive toward Riga and Dvinsk and along the Dvina river, and have themselves taken the offensive, but apparently, owing to the state of the ground, have been able to make only slow progress in the marsh region west of Riga.

Along the Styr river, in the south, the Austro-Germans, by a counter stroke, have pierced the Russian lines, and captured 1,500 prisoners, according to the Berlin official statement. These strokes are about all that can be expected on the eastern front, while the soft weather continues. On the western front there have been no events of importance.

ON INSPECTION TOUR

Emperor Nicholas and Crown Prince Go to Eastern Theatre.

Petrograd, via London, Nov. 14. — Emperor Nicholas and the young heir to the Russian throne, Grand Duke Alexis Nikolalevitch, last week inspected the ports of Reval and Riga and the military districts of Dvinsk and Vitebsk.

The emperor and his son arrived at Reval Wednesday. They visited the naval fortress, examined the works, reviewed the garison and then boarded the transport Europe on which were drawn up a crew of a Russian submarine and the crew of a British underwater boat. The emperor personaly decorated the two submarine commanders with the cross of the order of St. George, fourth class. Later the imperial visitors examined Russian and British submarines and then inspected the works in the town. The workmen welcomed them with enthusiastic cheering.

Emperor Nicholas and the crown prince went to Riga Thursday. Here the imperial train crossed to the left bank of the Dvina river and his majesty was received by General Radko Dimitrieff, commanding the fortified district of Riga, with whom the emperor and the grand duke reviewed troops detached from the corps defending Riga. The ruler thanked the troops for their heroic services.

The emperor and his son left Riga Friday and reviewed a division of troops camped near Vitebsk. They also visited the military district of Dvinsk and reviewed troops.

THANKS KRUPP COMPANY

Kaiser Says Donation of $5,000,000 is Proof of Patriotism.

Berlin, Nov. 14, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Emperor William on thanking the Krupp Steel Company for its donation of $5,000,000 to the relief fund for the benefit of families

(Continued On Page Eight.)

SPORTS

GRIDIRON UPHEAVALS FEATURE IN THE EAST

Princeton Defeat Biggest Upset in Many Years.

Yale's Improvement Under Shevlin's Coaching for Two Weeks Remarkable — Colgate Lost Chance for Championship.

New York, Nov. 14.—Form upheavals continue to feature, the waning eastern gridiron season. Yale, desperate at the manner it had been defeated by smaller colleges this fall, turned in savage fury on Princeton and ripped apart the best football machine developed in Tigerland in many years. At Syracuse, the undefeated and unscored on Colgate eleven, was massacred by Syracuse, while the Cornell combination only saved itself from defeat at the hands of Washington and Lee by a great rally in the closing half of the contest after the Southerners had gained a long lead. Brown, which recently beat Yale, succumbed to Harvard.

No eastern gridiron classic in many years has furnished the football upset that marked the annual game between Yale and Princeton. The Tigers invaded New Haven with a splendidly-coached eleven, while Yale had a band of players, who, man for man, were equal to any among the bigger institutions, but lacked everything that went toward the making of a professional gridiron unit. Yet when the two elevens met it was the four-time defeated Elis who rose to the occasion with a burst of fighting spirit and brute football strength that enabled them to overpower the Nassau machine.

It is true that Princeton did not show the same amount of strength and speed that has marked some of her earlier battles and that Yale benefitted by what breaks there were in the game but the fact remains that the Elis uncovered a remarkable improvement after less than two weeks of coaching under Shevlin and swept the Tigers off their feet.

While the defeat of Princeton had no bearing on the struggle for the so-called eastern championship, the overthrow of Colgate by Syracuse removed most important contender and left the field occupied solely by Cornell and Pittsburgh.

By winning from the strong Washington and Lee eleven, after the star Southern team which has not lost a game in two years had secured what appeared to be a safe lead, Cornell demonstrated that its rise to the topmost pinnacle of gridiron fame is based on the firmest kind of all-around football ability. When the Ithaca combination awoke to find itself slipping behind it uncovered a brand of almost irresistable football in which a perfect attack and defense, aided by several long runs soon carried Cornell away from her plucky rival.

Harvard's victory over Brown furnished no further line on the Crimson's chances against Yale, since first string substitutes were used almost exclusively.

In the other of the more important contests, the competing elevens played according to form. Pennsylvania and Michigan battled to a scoreless tie.

Both the Army and Navy teams emerged victorious from the week-end games, but neither was called upon to face an opponent of more than ordinary calibre. The soldiers made the better showing of the two service elevens, shutting out Main, while the Sailors found Colby a harder proposition, although finally winning a game in which they exhibited weaknesses that have marred their football all season.

VANDERBILT REGARDED AS WINNER OF HONORS

In Inter-Collegiate Football Circles of the South.

Overwhelming Defeat of North Caroline Aggies by Georgetown Came as Surprise—Big Games on Thanksgiving Day.

Atlanta, Nov. 14. — Vanderbilt's decisive victory yesterday over Auburn is regarded by football experts as giving the Commodores the title to the old Southern Inter-collegiate Athletic Association territory. Georgia Tech, the remaining contender for honors, was outplayed here yesterday by the University of Georgia and held to a scoreless tie. Auburn previously had defeated Georgia.

Virginia is not included in the Inter-collegiate territory. Nor is Washington and Lee, which until yesterday had been undefeated for two years. But both are Southern colleges and must be considered in the all-Southern championship. Virginia has defeated Vanderbilt, but Washington and Lee has played none of the big Southern school, its important game against such institutions being the annual Thanksgiving clash with the North Carolina A. & M.

Vanderbilt outplayed Auburn yesterday in every department of the game. The Plainsmen's goal line had not been crossed in two years and heretofore they had had a punch which was always good for a touchdown or two. But against Vanderbilt the Plainsmen clearly were not up to form. The Commodores made two touchdowns and scored again on Cody's field goal. Auburn could not score.

Little can be said of the Georgia classic—the Georgia-Georgia Tech contest. The Red and Black kept the play most entirely in Tech territory, and the muddy field led to many fumbles. Tech made only two first downs while Georgia made eight.

The overwhelming victory of Georgetown over the North Carolina Aggies came as a surprise. The Aggies had been showing improved form recently and a close score was expected.

Virginia, the conquerer of Vanderbilt, playing many substitutes, won over South Carolina at Columbia by a small score. The Virginians generaly was expected to overwhelm South Carolinians, but apparently the coaches were taking no chances of injuring star players with the North Carolina game facing Virginia on Thanksgiving Day. Stuart, a Virginia player, who had been out of the game with a broken hand, played a short time yesterday.

The University of Tennessee team, crippled from its Vanderbilt game of two weeks ago, lost a hard contest to the Mississippi Aggies. North Carolina University won by an unexpectedly large score from Davidson, while Alabama, with two regulars out, went down to defeat before the heavy Texas team.

WILL MEET FOR CONFERENCE WITH THE BUDGET COMMITTEE

President and Cabinet to Have Important Discussion

Washington, Nov. 14. — President Wilson and members of his cabinet will have an important conference Wednesday night with the special buget committee, appointed by the House Democratic caucus, to devise ways of systematizing government expenditures.

Members of the committe are hopeful that even if a definite budget plan is not adopted the conference with the President will lead to greater cooperation between the executive branch of the government, and the appropriating committees of the House.

Chairman Sherley, of the budget committe, and Chairman Fitzgerald, of the House appropriations committee, a members of the budget committee, have offered different plans for co-ordinating appropriations. The full committee, however, has taken no action, and the President so far has not made his position known.

WILL SERVE CHARGES TODAY

McCall to Be Heard on Alleged Misconduct in Office.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 14. — Edward E. McCall, chairman of the Down State Public Service Commission, will be served tomorrow with charges alleging misconduct in office, neglect of duty and inefficiency, by William A. Orr, private secretary to Governor Whitman. McCall will have ten days in which to answer the allegations.

The charges against McCall were filed with the Governor's secretary by counsel for the Thompson Legislative Investigating Committee. The committee has been conducting an inquiry into the work of the Down State commissions.

The Governor will conduct the McCall hearing personally. He declined to discuss the charges.

GIRL HELD IN JAIL

Charged With Shooting Woman Who is Not Expected to Live.

Anniston, Ala., Nov. 15.—Effie Fincher, 17 years old, was held in the county jail tonight pending a change in the condition of Mrs. M. Eason, whom police charge Miss Fincher shot. According to the police, the girl heard at Sunday school today that Mrs. Eason had made remarks about her which the girl resented. The shooting followed. Mrs. Eason is not expected to live.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

RIFLES NOW IS WHAT RUSSIA SUFFERS FOR

American Mining Engineer Tells of Conditions.

Two Million Additional Soldiers Awaiting to Be Supplied With Artillery —Learns of Food Shortage in Germany.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

London, Nov. 1.—"Russia is now suffering only for want of rifles, and when she is properly supplied, at least two million additional soldiers will be thrown into the field with results which only next spring's campaign can tell." This is the opinion of a prominent American mining engineer, who has just returned to London after spending six months inthe Russian Empire, mainly in Siberia, where he is the chief engineer of an important group of mines. Describing conditions in Russia he said: "The depression which prevailed outside Russia during the great German drive through Poland was never really duplicated in that country. Domestic troubles existed as always, but the people have made their power felt as never before, and the only thing that could cause revolution now would be the conclusion of an unfavorable peace with the Central Powers.

"The people of Russia are enjoying something in the nature of a boom, and the cost of living of the Russian peasant, who does not require luxuries, has not appreciably increased. The Russian peasant is not an imaginative individual, and the losses suffered in the war has not greatly impressed him. Even the generally admitted shortage of rifles, the wastage of which has been unprecedented, is not causing the Russians much concern, as the staff has realized that the rifle used by infantry is not an effective arm. The Russian army is now well supplied with heavy guns and munitions and the infantry is being supplied with thousands of machine guns. In attacking, the Russian infantryman almost invariably detaches the bayonet from his rifle and use sit as a knife when he leaps into the German trenches. He has even been known to discard both rifle and bayonet, relying on a club to win a trench.

"For the greater part of the war we have used Austrian prisoners as miners in our mines, but lately we have been receiving Germans from the government prisoners labor bureau. These Germans in the main are absolutely unfit for hard labor, most of them being old men with grey beards, while others are of the student class, many of them wearing glasses with thick lens. A staff officer, who is closely connected with the prisoners' bureau told me that for some time on the Dvinsk front the Russians have been capturing from one to two hundred women weekly. These were all in German uniform, and were apparently serving as soldiers.

"In Petrograd I entered the recently opened museum of atrocities, but the horrors displayed there were too much for me, and feeling deadly ill I was compelled to leave the place without seeing the complete display, but I was allowed to bring to England an Austrian rifle cartridge loaded with an explosive bullet, which is really a miniature shrapnel shell that explodes when a little plunger at the tip is driven in by contact with a human target.

"In the Scandinavian countries nothing was talked about except the food shortage in Germany, and some confirmation of this was given to me by a Dane, who represents in Berlin one of the biggest American packing companies. This Dane declared that the fat allowance had been reduced from eleven to seven ounces a person daily and he stated that the German working population would have a difficult time getting through the winter on this reduced allowance. This Dane also told me that England was supplying its prisoners in Germany with food.

"In Copenhagen I learned that the International Harvester Company had recalled all of its American employes from Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and the Balkans and they are being held in the Danish capital awaiting orders.

"Shipping owners in the Scandinavian countries are making enormous fortunes out of the war and it is said that in Bergen alone this industry has created twenty-seven new millionaires since hostilities began."

UNIDENTIFIED BODY STARTED ON ITS WAY BACK TO CHICAGO

Friends of the Crumley Family Arranged for its Disposition.

Atlanta, Nov. 14.—The body of the unidentified man brought to Atlanta from Chicago by Julia Choate Crumley as that of her fiancee was started on its way back to Chicago today. Friends of the Crumley family privately arranged for its shipment to the Western Undertaking Company, at Chicago, and proper disposition after it reaches there.

Miss Crumley, who is 28 years old, a successful music teacher and who had more than ordinary intellectuality, is reported to have accepted the body in Chicago as her husband, "Dr. Alleyne Hensley," while at the same time invitations were out here for her wedding to the "physician." Under care of physicians here since the arrival of the body last Wednesday she had stated that she realized that "Dr. Hensley" lived only in her mind and that she had worked incessantly to drive the hallucination away. During that time her friends had admonished her to cease some of her activities which they feared would result in impaired health.

DU PONT PLOT SUSPECTED.

Trunk Full of Dynamite Found—Three Men Arrested.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 14.—Three men are under arrest and several strangers are being closely watched as a result of the finding of a trunk full of dynamite at the home of Eugene English, of Peckville, near here.

Two of the men in custody are charged with impersonating Federal officers. The other is Thomas Moss, 22 years old, who is alleged to know something of where the trunk came from. Harry English, 18 years old, who brought the trunk to his home, is missing.

The authorities said they believe they have unearthed a plot to blow up several powder houses of the Du Pont Powder Company, at Jermyn, a short distance from Peckville.

HOLD CONVENTIONS TODAY

To Record Decisions of Chinese Provinces Regarding Monarchy.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Conventions will assemble tomorow in each of the 23 Chinese proivnces to record the decision of the Chinese people uopn the two questions upon which they voted at the pools last week, the acceptance of the revised constitution prepared by the drafting committee of the council of state, and the substitution of a monarchial form of government for the republic.

Reports reaching Washington indicate that an overwhelming majority of the limited electorate has recorded itself as in favor of both the constitution and the monarchy.

St. Louis, Nov. 14.—Wells H. Blodgett, general counsel for the Wabash railroad, has resigned from that position, it became known here today. Mr. Blodgett had been connected with the legal department of the Wabash railroad for 25 years and has gained wide recognition as an authority on laws affecting railroads.

GIVES DIPLOMA AND MEDAL

Mexican Labor Unions Honor the American Federation.

Vera Cruz, Nov. 14.—At the conclusion of a parade and mass meeting participated in by all the labor unions of Vera Cruz, Governor General Millan today designated Colonel Martinez to take to New York and Chicago a diploma and gold medal presented by the Mexican labor unions to the American Federation of Labor as a mark of esteem and appreciation of the unions here for the American fraternity.

POPE MAKES VISIT

Goes Outside of Vatican Precincts to Church of Saint Anna.

Rome, via Paris, Nov. 14.—Pope Benedict has made an important departure from the custom of the Pointiffs by visiting the church of Saint Anna, adjoining the Apostolic Palace, and thus going outside the Vatican precincts, according to the newspaper Giornale D'Italia. Since the fall of temporal power one form of papal protest against the new order of things has been the seclusion of the pointiffs in the

STROMBOLI IN ERUPTION

Great Blocks of Lava and Ashes Fall Over Island

Rome, Nov. 14.—The royal observatory at Catania reports that the volcano of Stromboli was in violent eruption Saturday morning, according to the Stefani agency. Great blocks of lava and ashes have fallen over the entire island. The town of Lipari, on the island of the same name felt a shock which lasted for a short time.

DIES FROM INJURIES

Young Football Player Suffered Fracture at Base of Skull.

Charleston, Ill., Nov. 14.—Paul Root, 18 years old, fullback of the Eastern Illinois Normal School football team, died here today of injuries received in Saturday's game with the normal university of Bloomington, Ill. He suffered a fracture at the base of the skull.

THEATRICAL

Under the new management the Grand inaugurates a great week today, presenting something you don't see often on a regular programme—a great four-reel feature photoplay, starring some of filmdom's brightest lights. "The Way Back" is Edison's greatest feature for several months, and could have easily been stretched into a six-reel expensive feature, the action is so tense all the way through. "The Way Back" is a stirring drama of regeneration, featuring that great film favorite, Miriam Nesbitt, in the leading role, with a strong supporting cast, including George Wright and Frank McGlynn.

Miss Nesbitt has created a great reputation by her searching and vivid portrayal of underworld types, and in this great feature is given ample opportunities, in her spectacular and thrilling journey from a rich, respected woman to comrade of a crook, and all the way back again, carrying others to the higher life. It is not a dishing up of dirt, but a picturization of the underworld's struggles and sorrows in a heart interest way that must appeal to every lover of the deep emotional drama. It is from the versatile pen of Mary Rider than whom none is better qualified to write such a masterpiece of fiction.

A great Ham and Bud comedy, "The Phoney Cannibals," will give you many a laugh—in fact will be just one continuous scream from beginning to end of the thousand feet of film. Tomorrow—two gerat three-reel specials!

Double Feature at the Bijou

The greatest of all screen personalities on the great Universal program, J. Warren Kerrigan, heads today's great double-feature bill of movies, in one of his greatest characterizations in "A Life at Stake," a stirring two-reel human interest drama in which the popular star is seen at his very best. The heroic personality of Kerrigan appears at a great advantage in this thrilling and absorbing story of a man's conflict with himself while torn between a thirst for revenge and a great duty to humanity.

Those who are familiar with Kerrigan's characterizations will readily guess what an opportunity this dea offers for some of his fine emotional acting. The story is big, the crucial moment of the play is still bigger, and the acting of Mr. Kerrigan dominant and powerful at all times. Supporting him are Helen Leslie, Hazel Buckham and Nobert Myles, and every lover of fine human interest drama should see this much-loved hero in this fine photoplay in two reels.

A great two-reel Edison feature, "The Great Descent," starring beautiful Warda Howard, is also on the bill. It is the picturization of a soul-stirring tragedy, told in a way that only an all-star cast could portray it, bringing out all the great episodes and thrilling climaxes of the original story.

A great L-Ko scream, "Tears and Sunshine," features Gene Rogers, Ray Griffith, Alice Howell and Gertrude Selzy. The theme of the ridiculous story is the dreadful mourning of "Father" and "Son" over a recently departed one, which one, it is divulged, is none other than Billie (Ritchie). Billie doesn't appear in the picture but his crepe-shrouded photo does, and always causes a great laugh.

"The Voice in the Fog"—Royal

Harold McGrath's great novel, "The Voice in the Fog," in which a young English nobleman relinquishes his title, is involved in thrilling and complicating situations as he tries to explain away the theft of a necklace, has been read by thousands. It is a story of mystery and melodrama in which international society is pictured in true realism, and was one of his greatest successes.

Hence today, a great Paramount picturization of this famous novel should be an exceptionally attractive offering at the Royal. And more so, when it is stated that that popular star of musical comedy, the originator of the "Merry Widow Waltz," plays the leading role in this picturization.

Donald Brian for four years has had the distinction of being the leading masculine musical comedy star of the country, and one of Wilmington's greatest hits was when he appeared in the role of Prince Danilo at the Academy of Music in "The Merry Widow." Since then he has been on Broadway in "The Marriage Market," "The Siren," and "The Girl From Utah." Hence, many who saw him in "The Merry Widow" will recognize the great matinee idol on the screen at the Royal today. Supporting this brilliant young star are Ada Gleason, Frank Connor, George Gebhardt, Ernest Joy and Florence Smythe.

"September Morn."

She is coming—dear little Miss "September Morn," clothed in the form of a three-act musical comedy with songs, jokes, scenery and girls—lots of them. Carl George, the original joy bug, is the bright particular star of this musical fun carnival, which will be presented by Le Comte and Flesher's specially selected company of fifty, at the Academy of Music.

"September Morn" is the joint work of Arthur Gillespie and Aubrey Stauffer. That they succeeded in their efforts is attested by the remarkable hits scored by this brilliant musical comedy during its long Chicago run at the LaSalle Opera House. Comedy predominates "September Morn" but the delicious foolishness is interspersed with charming musical numbers introduced by a remarkable chorus of singing and dancing experts who trip through the Hesitation, Fox Trots and and modern dances fetchingly. The scenery and costuming are brilliant. A great cast among which includes Jo Taylor, "The American Gaby Deslys," Carl George, Curt Vance, J. J. Patton, James Baber and Walter M. Welfitt.

CIVILIANS' CAMP FOR THIS STATE WAS OVERMAN'S IDEA

Suggested it to War Department Some Three Months Ago.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 14.—The announcement of Major General Leonard Wood in Richmond a few days ago that a civilians' training camp, similar to the one conducted at Plattsburg, N. Y., would be held in North Carolina next year, is pleasing news to the friends of Senator Overman. Senator Overman was the first man, so far as known, to suggest the idea to the War Department. Some there months ago, the Junior Senator called on Secretary of War Garrison and suggested that such a camp would do well in North Carolina. He pointed out the natural advantages for the camp and Mr. Garrison promised to give the matter consideration. P. R. A.

Valdosta, Ga., Nov. 14.—Francis Blitch, Columbia College football player, who suffered an injury to his head in the Mercer-Columbia game here yesterday, was pronounced out of danger by physicians today. It had been feared Blitch had concussion of the brain.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

We Eat Too Much Meat, Which Clogs Kidneys, Then Back Hurts and Bladder Bothers You.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

"FRANKLIN."

See Our Display and Prices.

On Automobiles and Accessories, at Store 111 Chestnut Street, and then Look Us Up AT CORN SHOW.

Make Either One HEADQUARTERS.

H. L. FENNELL

'Phone 95. H. L. Fennell.

Wanted to Buy' Prest-o-Lite Tanks; all sizes.

"OVERLAND."

BIJOU

Warren Kerrigan

In One of His Greatest Achievements

A Life at Stake

A Stirring and Absorbing Story of a Man's Conflict With Himself While Torn Between Revenge and a Duty to Humanity.

WARDA HOWARD

That Charming Screen Personality, in

"The Great Deceit"

A Soul-Stirring Tragedy in Two Great Acts.

'Tears and Sunshine'

Wherein the L-Ko Bunch Mourn For the Departed Billie Ritchie!

Grand Tickets Are Good!

"Buy It in Wilmington"—Rotary Club.

GRAND

(Under New Management)

Thomas A. Edison Presents

Miriam Nesbitt

The Perpetual Film Favorite, in

The Way Back

A Stirring Four-Act Drama of a Woman's Regeneration, in Which She Travels From a Rich, Respectable woman to Comrade of a Crook, and Back Again, Carrying Others to the Higher Life.

HAM & BUD

In Another Great "Kalem Komedy:

"PHONEY CANNIBALS"

Bijou Tickets Are Good!

"Buy It in Wilmington"—Rotary Club.

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

Paramount Presents

AMERICA'S MOST POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY STAR,

Donald Brian

Originator of the "Merry Widow" Waltz, and "Prince Danilo," in That Production in Wilmington Four Years Ago, in an Elaborate Picturization of Harold McGrath's

"The Voice In the Fog"

A Photoplay of Mystery and Melodrama, in Which International Society is Pictured in True Realism.

Grand and Bijou Tickets Are Good

"Buy It in Wilmington"—Rotary Club.

MADE IN WILMINGTON

WE Make Spectacles and Eye Glasses while you wait. BRING us your Broken Lenses; We Can Duplicate Them.

WE GRIND LENSES.

On the Premises. Eyes Tested Free!

BUY IN WILMINGTON.

Dr. Vineberg

Manufacturing Optician, MASONIC TEMPLE.

J. B. McCABE

Certified Public Accountant

Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.

Phone 906 WILMINGTON, N. C.

HOW LONG WOULD YOU PATRONIZE A BARBER WHO DIDN'T STROP HIS RAZOR? Once—then why expect to get more than one shave out of your safety blades without stropping?

THE VICTOR SAFETY BLADE SHARPENER will keep Gillette, Durham Duplex, Ender's or any other make blades in perfect shaving condition indefinitely. 100 to 500 shaves from a blade. Hones and Strops perfectly automatically.

SPECIAL PRICE, 98c on Saturday, Nov. 6th, only. A saving of $1.02.

Buy a VICTOR, NOW, while you can get them for 98c.

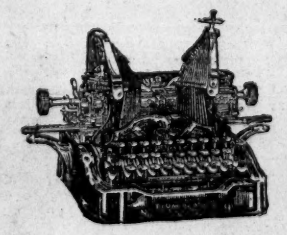
Don't fail to get one of our $15.00 Gold Watches for NOTHING—won't cost you one cent. Just a little work on your part. Only SIX to be given away.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

A New Model Typewriter

The No. 9 OLIVER

The Standard Visible Writer



BUY IT NOW!

Yes, the crowning typewriter triumph is here!

It is just out—and comes years before experts expected it. For makers have striven a lifetime to attain this ideal machine. And Oliver has won again, as we scored when we gave the world its first visible writing.

There is truly no other typewriter on earth like this new Oliver "9." Think of touch so light that the tread of a kitten will run the keys!

CAUTION!

The new-day advances that come alone on this machine are all controlled by Oliver. Even our own previous models — famous in their day — never had the Optional Duplex Shift.

It puts the whole control of 84 letters and characters in the little fingers of the right and left hands. And it lets you write them all with only 28 keys, the least to operate of any standard typewriter made.

Thus writers of all other machines can immediately run the Oliver Number "9" with more speed and greater ease.

WARNING!

This brilliant new Oliver comes at the old-time price. It costs no more than lesser makes — now out-of-date when compared with this discovery.

For while the Oliver's splendid new features are costly—we have equalized the added expense to us by simplifying construction.

Resolve right now to see this great achievement before you spend a dollar for any typewriter. If you are using some other make you will want to see how much more this one does.

If you are using an Oliver, it naturally follows that you want the finest model.

17 CENTS A DAY!

Remember this brand-new Oliver "9" is the greatest value ever given in a typewriter. It has all our previous special inventions—visible writing, automatic spacer, 6½ ounce touch—plus the Optional Duplex Shift, Selective Color Attachment and all these other new-day features.

Yet we have decided to sell it to everyone on our famous payment plan—17 cents a day! Now every user can easily afford to have the world's crack visible writer, with the famous PRINTYPE, that writes like print, included FREE if desired.

TODAY—Write For Full Details and be among the first to know about this marvel of writing machines. See why typists employers, and individuals everywhere are flocking to the Oliver. Just mail a postal at once. No obligation. It's a pleasure for us to tell you about it.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO., Oliver Typewriter Bldg., Chicago.

THE HOME CIRCLE PAGE

EDITED BY LILIAN CRAIGEN ADAMS

Oh! That Dangerous Living Model

"THE newer salesmanship has its disadvantages," said Seraphina. "For instance living models. Living models, as I suppose you know, are the very latest things. Only the most exclusive and up-to-date shops employ them. They are later even than the Gray Salon wherein hats are sold, that dainty, boudoir-like, becoming sort of place all delicately done in silver gray and pink; where the frames of the mirrors are swathed

in soft creamy-white stuff, while shaded, rose-colored lights are set at precisely the right angle to irradicate the countenance of the trier-on of hats and induce her to buy.

"And they are later than the small, artificially lighted, mirror-lined rooms in the shops into which fabrics for evening gowns are carried so that the shimmering effect of them at night may be noted by would-be purchasers.

They are newer even than the trick of putting a veil over the face of, and a boa about the neck of the person about to choose a hat to assist and expedite that choice. In fact living models are the newest things there are, and that's the reason they are dangerous.

"I went to see an exhibition of gowns on living models the other day," said Seraphina. "The living models were wonderful looking young women with slender, sylph-like figures and glowing faces. I have never seen better looking girls. One in particular was so graceful and so trig in the broadcloth suit she had on that I bought one like it instanter. I did not stop to consider that the model was five feet eight inches tall and exceedingly swelte, and that in my highest heels I am but five feet three and pudgy. I bought that suit. The outcome of that impulsive action was that I looked so like a monstrosity in it that I sold it to my tall sister for half what I had paid for it.

"Therefore I say 'beware the living model.' Or if you do not beware her, at least be sure that the one which you undertake to imitate bears some slight resemblance to you in size and figure.

"That's all," said Seraphina.

WHITE LAMP SHADES ARE SMART

WHITE lamp shades made either of heavy lace or of embroidered linen are the newest things, and very attractive they are too, especially in a white, or a white and black room. According to modern ideas the light from a lamp should not be thrown upon the ceiling and therefore all of those shades intended for electric lamps are made with solid tops of the material. White shades are not nearly so becoming as the rose-colored and red ones of former days, but what is becomingness when fashion is to be considered?

As the Tailor Sees It

He Declares That Friends Are Fit for Matinees But Not for Fittings.

THE tailor opened the door of the fitting room wherein his patron sat and seeing two women where he had thought to find but one started back melodramatically.

"Mein Gott," said he, "she has a friendt mit her."

It was as if he had said "she has a rattlesnake with her." Indeed his ruddy cheek turned pale and he grasped for support at the door-jamb. Then he gathered courage and entered.

The "friendt" was a harmless

"It is the length that Madame demanded," suggested the tailor.

enough looking person, a small pale woman, certainly not the sort of an individual to make a grown man cringe, and she sat silently and harmlessly in a rocking chair swinging to and fro while the tailor put the half-finished suit upon his patron.

When the skirt of this had been adjusted and while the tailor was putting in a pin or two at the waist line the friend spoke with awful suddenness. "Oh, my dear, it is much too short," said she.

The tailor on his knees groaned in his beard. His patron to the contrary seemed pleased; he could feel her little air of alert interest. "Do you really think so?" she asked.

"I know so," answered the friend calmly.

"It is the length that Madame demanded," suggested the tailor.

"Never," cried Madame energetically, "or at least if I did I have changed my mind. I agree with Natalie, it is much too short, please make it two inches longer."

The tailor suppressed his emotions with an effort, looked at the hem, saw that he could lengthen it without great trouble and murmured "Yes, Madame," submissively.

"I do not like the shape of the yoke," said the friend a minute later.

"Don't you really dear?" asked the customer. "Do you know that I have had qualms about it too, and now what you say absolutely convinces me that it is wrong. It should be deeper."

"And with less curve in front," said the friend.

"Suppose I look at some new models."

"But Madame," cried the tailor, "you chose this yoke, already you have had a fitting in it; it is impossible that I change it now without added cost for you."

"I should think it would be to your interest to please your customers," said the friend. "I should think that every dissatisfied patron would lose you business."

"I will not accept this skirt unless it suits me," cried Madame.

So the tailor meekly brought other patterns of yokes and the two women selected one with a quarter of an inch less of curve in front and a quarter of an inch more of length all around and ordered that substituted for the original one, and having disposed of this question gave their entire attention to the fitting of the coat. The coat did not suit the friend at all. It was too short of peplum and two long of sleeve. The collar was not sufficiently high nor the tail sufficiently full. There was no point of that coat that the friend did not criticise with such severity as to make the tailor shudder and his client to demand instant changes. Finally when the twain left the tailor staggered to a chair and there swore many a Teutonic—or was it Polish—oath.

"Madame," he said to the woman who came upon him when he was at the height of his verbal pyrotechnics, "I see that you bring no friendt with you to criticise my work. It is well. Believe me, Madame, thus do we the faster progress. A friendt, she is very well to go with to the market, to the matinee, to the church; but to the tailor, no! Always she demands the change; always she finds everything not to her taste. She would have you the Venus and she thinks she makes it so by altering this and that. Never is she satisfied with you as I make you. You like this skirt, madame, hein?"

Madame admitted that she did.

"Well, your best friendt, she would not. There would be something else in her thoughts. It is friendts dot drive me mad, believe me. And not me alone, but the other tailors also. Take the friendt with you to the theatre, yes, but nod to the tailor. So I find much happiness."

Truly an incident with a moral. Search your consciences, ladies, and discover whether or not you have ever acted the part of "friendt."

When the Coffee Urn Was Metamorphosed

IT is the ingenious woman whose home contains the greatest number of attractive articles. For instance Mrs. Smith. Mrs. Smith had an old-fashioned coffee urn of Sheffield plate which was too massive and too cumbersome to use at table with her small family, and so it had been hid away in a closet for many years. There coming upon it one day, Mrs. Smith declared it a shame that so attractive a piece should have no useful mission in life.

Then she had an illuminating thought and straightway put on her hat and took the coffee-urn down town with her to a shop which dealt in lamps. "I want you to make me a lamp of this," said Mrs. Smith, exhibiting the urn, and explained to the mildly protesting merchant how it might be done.

When she had succeeded in convincing him of the practicability of her scheme he went to work blithely to carry it out. He took the spigot off the urn and filled the hole left in its side with an ornament from its top; he made a coal-oil tank for the inside, added the usual appurtenances in the matter of wick and chimney and sent it home. Mrs. Smith, as her part of the work of regeneration, had made a shade of silver gray silk for it, and now she is constantly having to explain where she obtained that wonderful old silver lamp.

THIS WATCH TELLS TIME IN THE DARK.

NOT by a musical chime—that sort of watch, called a "repeater"—has been on the market many years. This new timepiece is appropriately called "The Firefly," for it lights up in the dark and every figure on the dial is distinctly visible. The secret is radium—the twelve numerals which represent the hours are of radium and give out light in a dark place. The watch is not as expensive as one might imagine, either; for a very good timepiece with gunmetal case and excellent works, sells for less than five dollars.

SEASONABLE JOTTINGS

THE movies are including fashion pictures in their films now, so that soon every girl, no matter how small the country town in which she lives, will be able to dress according to the latest modes.

There is a fancy this winter for lining coats with cloth. The waist part and the sleeves are still lined with satin, but for the lower part cloth is preferred.

The veil is ubiquitous. Women to whom veils are becoming and women to whom they are not wear them alike this season. And some of the effects are grotesque. For instance a girl seen on the street recently looked as if she boasted a full beard. On closer inspection the effect was found to be produced by the heavy and deep border to her veil which was arranged directly over her chin.

Veils already arranged on rubber bands so that they may be slipped over hat crowns and will need no pinning are an accommodating feature of this season.

Veils of all colors are seen and sometimes black veils are edged with a color such as King's blue or Bordeaux.

Fur and velvet edged veils are also smart.

In certain of the gauzy face coverings metallic threads are introduced with excellent effect.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER SAYS

THAT by far the most expensive sort of entertaining consists in giving formal dinners and luncheons, for at best these cost from two to five dollars a cover, and that therefore the woman with nothing a year had better pay off her social obligations in one big tea or in a series of afternoon card parties.

THAT the collation at both of these functions may consist of much the same things: sandwiches, olives, salted nuts, ices and cakes; or if a touch of grandeur is desired there may be a piece de resistence of chicken or lobster salad. If the card parties are held in the morning a light luncheon may be served at about 1:30 o'clock. At such a function the other day the luncheon consisted of chicken croquettes, French peas and hot biscuits—not an expensive menu, and yet one that was immensely enjoyed by those who partook of it. At another luncheon after a morning card party creamed crab flakes in patty shells, potato chips, and hot rolls were served. The cost of such a menu for twelve people would be under five dollars, and that is cheap entertaining. In both of the cases mentioned the guests remained at the card tables and the luncheon was served there.

THAT at suppers after the theatre, evening card parties and dances the food need not be expensive. The table for such functions should be very daintily set with doilies of lace or linen or of crochet work. There should be a bowl of flowers in the center and at each end a chafing dish. The chafing dish, she declares, is the greatest aid to jollity ever known, for let a company be never so stupid, the moment cooking begins, with the beating of eggs, the cutting of cheese, the measuring of flour, everyone livens up amazingly.

Chicken a la King, creamed crabflakes, creamed sweetbreads or oysters, as the hostess prefers, may be prepared in one dish, a Welsh rarebit in the other. For the rest of the feast there should be olives, bread and butter sandwiches, and coffee or beer.

The young housekeeper says that she is often asked what is the proper menu for a wedding breakfast. That sort of a breakfast, she explains, is in reality a luncheon and the menu should consist of something like this: Grape fruit or oysters for the first course, a clear soup, a meat with a vegetable, a salad and sweets. The word breakfast puzzles the uninitiated American, but the wedding breakfast corresponds to the dejeuner a la fourchette—breakfast with a fork—of the Continent.

The young housekeeper warns against inviting guests in to partake of pot luck unless that luck is sure to be dainty and appetizing. It is true that a dinner of herbs where love is, is better than a stalled ox, but somehow guests expect something better than herbs. Therefore if the meat is lamb chops let them be broiled deliciously and served on toast; let the potatoes be creamy and light and the bread and butter of the very first quality; then and then only is "pot-luck" desirable or excusable.

THE TOWNBREDS and THEIR COUNTRY PLACE

By Edward Riddle Padgett.

Killing Time.

TO some people a pig is just a pig—but not to the Townbreds. At their country home at Five Oaks the other day when the question of selecting the hogs to be butchered came up, both of them felt that every pig in the sty was almost a member of the family.

"If we kill three of them, Ruthvin," said Mrs. Townbred, "we will have enough fresh pork to last us over a month, in this cold weather, and sufficient hams and bacon for the rest of the winter. Now just think what a saving that will make in our grocery bill!"

"Fine!" agreed Mr. Townbred. "I'm beginning to think you're right, Frieda, in your contention that it's cheaper to live in the country than in the city. But what will we do with the rest of them?"

"Do with them? Why keep them to breed from, of course. Pigs six weeks old bring five and six dollars per pair, you know, and there's always a demand for them."

"Yes, that's so," said Mr. Townbred. "But why not ship a few into the city to a meat dealer? Pork is high and we might get thirty or forty dollars for them—just so much pick-up."

"Yes, and spend it all on repairs on that auto of yours! No, thank you!" interposed Mrs. Townbred decidedly. "I'd rather have the pigs. All along, Ruthvin, you know I have insisted that the way to make money in the country is to produce things for your own use, and not to sell. Now take this question of hogs; why sell to a commission merchant at wholesale prices and then later buy back at retail? If we kill enough for our own use all winter it will mean just that much less money to be expended for the table. Hence—"

"You are right, Frieda," Mr. Townbred agreed. "So let's consider that settled. Now—er—er—er—have you thought about what—I mean which of the pigs are to be killed."

"The fattest and heaviest, of course," answered Mrs. Townbred promptly. "Why?"

"Well—you see—well," said he slowly, "I sort of think—I—that is—I wouldn't like to see Billy killed!"

"Billy? Why of course we wouldn't kill Billy. I should say not! Not after he's been coming up to you to have his back scratched with a hoe every time you go near the pig-sty! Of course not, Ruthvin! And I won't have Myrtle killed, either. Why, don't you know, I sometimes feel she's almost the real Myrtle! I just couldn't eat her—ugh!"

Mr. Townbred laughed. "Don't blame you a bit," he said. "But—but I bet I can name one of them that'll be slaughtered without hesitation—and I really believe I'll enjoy eating him—Henry!"

Mrs. Townbred laughed. "Yes, that part of it is all right, Ruthvin, but the truth is Henry is such a little fellow and he weighs less than any of them."

"Never mind!" put in Mr. Townbred stoutly. "He takes after his namesake—a light weight! Even if he's no bigger than a minute. We'll put him in the kettle and scald his hide off. And, my dear, I'll take extreme pleasure in cutting him up into chops!"

Now Henry, it should be explained, was a runt of a black Berkshire, puffy and domineering and so fat and round that he could scarcely walk—but still a runt; in which respect, the Townbreds had long since agreed, he reminded them of a certain lawyer whose name was Henry and who had conducted the case for the other side in a small lawsuit in which Mr. Townbred had lost.

They had hesitated in naming the runt Henry only because they felt in so doing they might be honoring the legal light. But the porcine Henry's "tummy" and strut and waddle were so like those of the human one that they decided to take the chance.

And Myrtle? Well, Myrtle had been named after one of Mrs. Townbred's best friends. This had been done in playful mood, of course; but when the real Myrtle had heard about it she hadn't been exactly pleased; for the analogy was a little too obvious to be comfortable. However, the name stuck and Mrs. Townbred had become really fond of the Myrtle in the pig pen.

Every pig in the sty had a name—the Townbred's simply couldn't resist it. There was Porker and Groucho and Bad-Manners of the masculine persuasion, for instance; and Gwendolyne and Clarissa and Miss Prim of the feminine. Moreover, both Mr. and Mrs. Townbred could recognize them instantly—and they even insisted that the pigs knew their own names, and would answer to them.

"Is John going to do the killing?" asked Mr. Townbred presently.

"He's going to help," Mrs. Townbred explained, "but a colored man named Tutts travels all around the country at this time of the year, it seems, and does it. He's coming here early tomorrow morning. Now, Ruthvin, we must decide which of the pigs we wish to kill and tell John so he can point them out to Tutts in the morning. Let's go down and look at them."

A half-hour later—spent in hanging over the sty closely studying the inmates—the Townbreds were no nearer a solution than before.

Porker was such a fine looking piggie! While Bad Manners was a hog in both senses of the word, he did have a cute way of shoving the others aside and gobbling up everything—there was no denying that! And even old Groucho had a certain dignity and repose about him that seemed to deserve something better than a knife across his throat and a sousing in a huge kettle of boiling water.

Then, too, Gwendolyne and Clarissa had a maternal air about them which seemed to cry out for a chance to bring other piggies into the world and mother them. And Miss Prim was such a comical, fussy old maid that it seemed a shame to put an end to her antics.

Why, even Henry had a pitiful look about him—just as did the real Henry when pleading with a jury—and, poor piggie, it did seem kind of hard to take it out on him just because his name was Henry!

So the Townbreds argued—back and forth—without reaching a decision.

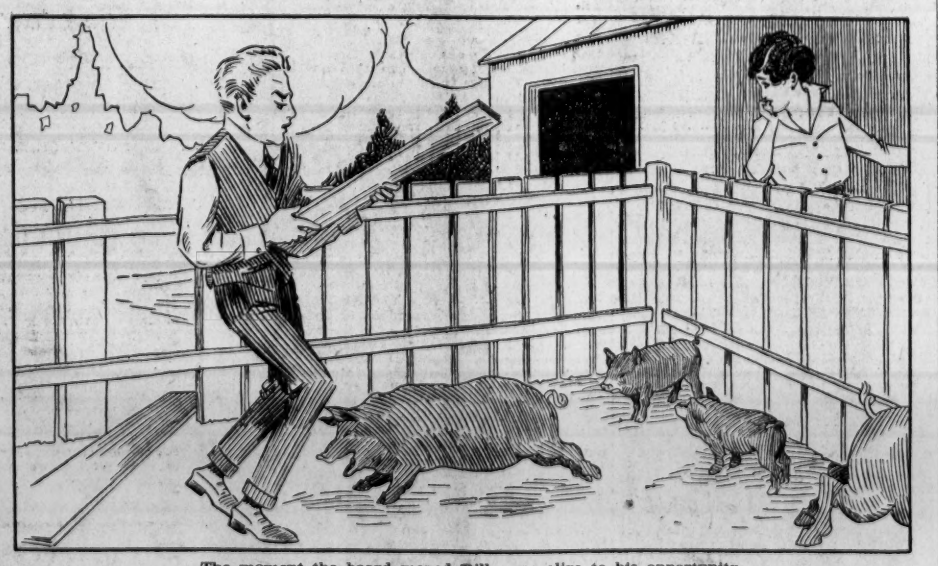
Now, just then, Mr. Townbred felt minded to pull back the board that covered the small entrance at one end of the pig-pen, the better to reach in and scratch Billy with a corn-cob. City men, somehow, just can't help doing the unusual and starting something when in the country.

The moment that board moved Billy was alive to his opportunitty; two seconds later he came bounding out, all but knocking his favorite back-scratcher off his feet, board and corn-cob and all. And Billy was free—squealing for dear life.

As Mr. Townbred picked himself up he instantly forgot it was Billy who had skedaddled between his legs and turned him upside down. And he was athirst for revenge. So, waving the board aloft and shouting for John, he set out in pursuit of Billy.

The chase was a merry one, through the barnyard, into the garden and out again, around the back of the house and out over the front lawn to the public road where Billy, amazingly fleet of foot and an artful dodger, doubled on his tracks and then turned off sharp into the big side field which had been planted in corn.

Mr. Townbred sank down against the fence to catch his breath. He glared at Billy, who was calmly rooting away among the stubbles way down in the field. Just then an old farmer driving a large spring wagon came along. He stopped in front of Mr. Townbred, and such an interesting conversation ensued that Mr. Townbred seemed to forget all about Billy.



The moment the board moved Billy was alive to his opportunity.

But presently he shook hands with the farmer and returned to the pig-sty where Mrs. Townbred was still waiting and keeping the other pigs from coming out. His face was wreathed in smiles and he even looked at Billy, down in the field, and laughed.

"Well," he said, "that rascal Billy surely had a good hunch when he broke out! I always knew he was a smart hog—but I'll be jiggered if—well, there's something uncanny about the way he led me up to the road at just the moment that farmer came along in his wagon!"

"What is it, Ruthvin? What in the world are you talking about?"

Mr. Townbred smiled. "Billy fixed everything for us!" he declared proudly. "Yes indeed—he's solved the whole question!"

"For goodness sakes—!" exclaimed the amazed Mrs. Townbred.

"Um-huh," went on Mr. Townbred, "that farmer is in the hog-raising business. He said he saw we had our own hogs here and so he'd never have thought of asking us. Hence, you see, my dear, if it hadn't have been for Billy leading me down to the road why—"

"Ruthvin Townbred!" cried Frieda. "If you don't stop just talking, and tell me what—"

"We won't have to kill any of our pigs! He's going to bring four of his own—fat ones—over in the morning! And he sold them to me at a reasonable price, too! So—"

"Ruthvin! How lovely! I—I know it's foolish—and I don't suppose we'll ever be real farmers—but—but—I just couldn't have eaten a mouthful of—!"

And down in the field Billy squealed joyously and rooted deep under the stubble for a choice bit of stalk.

(Copyright, 1915, by Edward Riddle Padgett).

LITTLE FABLES OF THE BUSINESS WORLD

Clothes Did It!

THERE was once a certain Young Man who Hewed Close to the Line and Passed Up the Light Stuff. He worked like a Steam Roller, leaving nothing Sticking Up in his Wake. He was On the Job to the minute of a morning, and he left nothing Unfinished when the Whistle blew in the evening. He was what is known as a Faithful Employe—and he got just What was Coming to him.

Which is to say that he got the Short End of everything. A Truck Horse for work, they Loaded him Down and Drove him with Blinders. The Boss scarcely knew he was Present, for he never got in the way by Falling Down on a Job, nor did he Step Forward and ask to be Gazed Upon. He Sawed Wood and swept up the Shavings; and he never manouvered so the Boss could note how much he had Piled Up in a day.

The only Front he had was a Spotted and Out-of-Press waistcoat that ought to have been Cremated long ago. The hair of his head grew Six Ways for Sunday and well down his Neck. Whether he needed it or not, he Shaved every Third Day.

He wore Threads on his Cuffs and his collars were Laundered with an Ink Eraser. The creases in his trousers ran Round and Round and they couldn't have been ironed out with a Pile Driver. Altogether, he looked like the Elks had just finished Initiating him.

One day he was notified that Aunt Mary had Shuffled off and left him the Sole Owner of her Bank Account. Now Aunt Mary had always been a Thrifty Soul and she never Played Tag with a Penny. Wherefor, Aunt Mary had many Entries and no Withdrawals in her Pass Book. She might even have Dabbled a Bit in War Stocks on a Wide Margin and not Gone to the Poor House had she been Wiped Out. But Aunt Mary did no such thing.

So, Our Hero had Something left even after the Courts got through with Aunt Mary's Old Sock. And then he began to Act Foolish. He made no Explanation at the office but he sent the Spotted Suit to its Well-Earned Repose. He completely Squelched any lingering hope his Beard might have of someday becoming Real Whiskers.

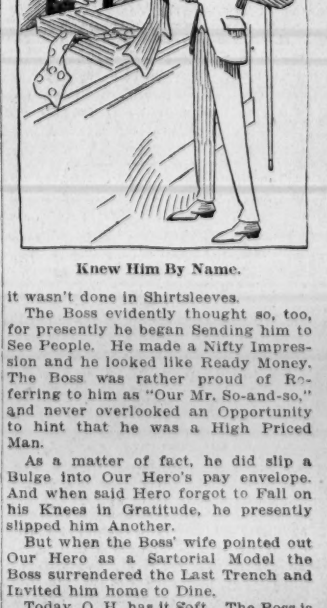
He tied no more Knots in his Shoe-Strings and he sent a Collar to the Laundry three times and then Threw it Away. He had his hair Feather-Edged and let Women in Barbershops Do Things to his Nails.

The first week the Boys in the Office laughed at him; in two, they took Pointers from him; and in three the Boss himself was admiring his Taste in Neckties. Also, he Went Out for his lunch and a stroll, and became Fussy around the Office.

Time went on, but he kept up the Pace. One day when he lugged a Cane along with him, the whole Office accepted it as quite a Matter of Fact Innovation.

Frequently, when a Stranger entered, he was mistaken for the Boss.

The clerks in all the Swell Toggery Shops in town knew him By Name. As a Buyer of Duds he was an Artist. He still Did his Work, but it was Outshone by his Clothes. And, somehow, it seemed to be All the Better because



Knew Him By Name.

it wasn't done in Shirtsleeves.

The Boss evidently thought so, too, for presently he began Sending him to See People. He made a Nifty Impression and he looked like Ready Money. The Boss was rather proud of Referring to him as "Our Mr. So-and-so," and never overlooked an Opportunity to hint that he was a High Priced Man.

As a matter of fact, he did slip a Bulge into Our Hero's pay envelope. And when said Hero forgot to Fall on his Knees in Gratitude, he presently slipped him Another.

But when the Boss' wife pointed out Our Hero as a Sartorial Model the Boss surrendered the Last Trench and Invited him home to Dine.

Today, O. H. has it Soft. The Boss is Scared to Death he'll accept one of the Many Offers he gets from other Firms. Why, he's even hoping O. H. will fall for Fair Daughter.

Clothes did it!

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1915.

TOP O' THE MORNING

There will be seen in the life of every one a high purpose to glorify God, or a low purpose to possess worldly good things without giving heed to the effect which they will have upon character or future life.

—EUGENE P. MICKLE

Greece is too proud to fight when it isn't her fight.

A man often feels like kicking himself but he only feels like doing it.

The nations will soon be bankrupt whether they get whipped or not.

We are glad the Mexicans were not interfered with in settling their own hash.

Public opinion is largely hearsay—somebody's opinion adopted and repeated.

May Irwin says she loves President Wilson, but it is safe to say that it won't make Colonel Bryan jealous.

Strategy is concealed by stealth so it can be carried out before the enemy can find it out in time to prevent it.

The best way for a country to keep others from violating its neutrality is to be able to prevent them from doing it.

The Jacksonville Times-Union says: "Girls have forgotten how to blush." Probably they don't have so very many things to make them blush.

Ezekiel is being quoted, but even if it is going back to ancient times he is about as good authority as modern sages who do a lot of guess work.

Roumania or Rumania is said to be the same as Romania, because its people are the descendants of the old Romans and they have held on to the name.

A little girl was told by the doctor that the medicine he wanted her to take wasn't nasty. "Well, then," she said to him, "you taste it so I can see if it tastes nice to you."

According to a prophet, the war in Europe will last fifty years. The prophet probably is guessing, but he would be safe in asserting that the effects of the war will last fifty years.

If Gen. Lord Kitchener was sent off on a secret mission, his destination and purpose should have been kept a secret. The gossip about his going might satisfy curiosity but it may defeat his object.

It makes us shudder to think that we used to twist the British Lion's tail. After all, we probably thought we were twisting it when the Lion wouldn't let us wake it up. It was safer than monkeying with a buzz saw.

Here it is the 15th of November and the fall has been so late that second crops of apples, strawberries and other fruits have been reported. A Wilmington man has young peaches on his trees and says if this weather keeps up he will have a new crop.

Colonel Roosevelt is denouncing the Wilson administration for not providing the country with an army and navy second only to those of Great Britain. The Colonel ought first to explain why he didn't do so when he was president for two terms and had the chance during nearly eight years as commander-in-chief of the army and navy. He didn't even suggest it.

Great Britain is being blamed for not sending troops to Belgium so they could aid in the defense of Liege, but her critics ought to be intelligent enough to know that Great Britain had no army that could fly so it would be possible for it to beat the German army there. Some folk think it is just as easy to move a big army, heavy artillery and army supplies as it is to move the men on a checkerboard.

ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE ISSUE

If any of the opponents of President Wilson's adequate preparedness policy were in his exalted place and were faithfully responsible to the American people and their Nation, just as he is, they, too, would sense a policy of responsibility for the protection of the country and the defense of its rights among the nations of the world. We haven't the slightest doubt but that they would see the necessities of the great American republic and recognize its serious needs in the interest of the sovereignity of the people, just as President Wilson does.

If they did not do so, they would lack all sense of administrative responsibility. Neither could they expect the free and independent American people to extend them a vote of confidence. We think, therefore, it is a proper estimate upon the patriotic spirit of the American people when we say that if the Nation had a head which would not safeguard the complete sovereignty of this country, they would regard it as a head that had nothing in it.

When the people understand that "adequate preparedness" is not militarism but sane and reasonable preparation to protect American sovereignty from peril at the hands of powerful world burglars, they will repudiate the quixotic and impotent opposition which springs from fatalistic ideas, disregard of world conditions, and perhaps emanating from prejudice and enmity intermixed with the philosophy of moralists and optimists. We confess that during the past eight or ten years we have suffered a rude shock to our sense of American independence and sovereignty. To our own knowledge it has been challenged twice only a few years back, while within the past 15 months three powerful nations have been in contempt of it or defied it.

Americans must have lost their sense of humiliation if they fail to remember with something akin to it that the American Nation of which we proudly boast felt itself powerless to protect its sovereignty from alien interference and molestation when it temporarized and had no protecting wing to extend to California in the exercise of her sovereignity in regulating her public schools and in the exercise of her paternalistic care of her people and their land interests. Those who cannot remember it must have short memories, indeed, else they do not possess that faculty at all.

When Americans cannot exercise their independence of any nation and enjoy their sovereign right to regulate their won affairs without dictation or menace from any other nation, it is high time to exercise a think and fall into a state of serious reflection. Well, the nation has been called down on it all right, and it was unprepared to make even a serious issue of it. Probably Uncle Sam remembers when he had cold feet, and it is for patriotic Americans to see to it that he has more backbone for future emergencies.

We refuse to regard seriously any creditable opposition to American preparedness for self-defense—which contemplates protection of American lives and property at sea, protection of American commercial rights on every sea, the protection of American territorial entity, the protection of American integrity and sovereignty and the preservation of American self-respect and independence—the independence which cannot be menaced or deterred by nations which show disrespect and contempt for the ideals of the American people.

No peace ideal can possibly be derrogated by the wisdom of preparedness and neither will the mere matter of precaution for national safety detract from the peace ideal of Christian people. Closing the door and shutting the window of our homes to keep out burglars does not put a test on our religious faith any more than would adequate preparedness to shut out world power burglars be in conflict with our peace ideals or with the scruples of any religious faith. Just as we have adopted Federal and State constitutions as a safeguard of our personal rights and liberty, more wise and necssary is it for Americans to set up a bulwark to safeguard the independence and sovereignty of their nation.

Only by might and by power did we win liberty and establish a Union to preserve and protect our liberty, and it is only by might and by power that the safety of our great Nation can be guaranteed against menace or aggression. From the days of the total obliteration of the Roman empire down to the impending chaos of Europe, history has repeated itself but we don't think American people with common sense will give history a chance to repeat itself on the American continent. Let us cultivate our peace ideals but meanwhile not to such an extent as to be such doddering idiots that we stray beyond the domain of Wisdom.

George Washington knew that peace never set up the American Republic. Revolution had to be the price we paid for liberty, while liberty was the only guarantor of our peace. The patriots of 1776 secured peace for this country by force of arms, and it is not beyond the possibilities that we may have to defend peace by our strength and power sufficient to preserve it from molestation. We had to fight for the peaceful pursuits of our liberty and we ought to know that liberty and peace are inseparable ideals for Americans. There can be neither without the other. George Washington, the father of Our Country, knew it. He knew it when our fathers fought for liberty and peace and he was looking far into the future when he wisely warned the American people that "Eternal vigilance is the price of Liberty."

We fail to conceive the meaning of "eternal vigilance" if we do not watch always for storms and prepare a strong house in which to seek safety. George Washington was the original "forward looking man," and true Americans will follow "where'er he leads the way."

Eternal vigilance is the issue in President Wilson's campaign for adequate preparedness. With a national duty to face, Americans ought to know that they will never see its face if they follow the trail blazed out by idealists preaching ideals in the face of world conditions, or shall stray after theorists thorizing along eloquent but fatalistic lines. It's a long, long way "from Missouri" to the Millenium.

WILMINGTON'S WARM WELCOME

Wilmington will greet with great heartiness her many visitors to the Corn and Agricultural Show this week, beginning tomorrow at noon and concluding on Friday, next, and our people will wish for them many returns to the "City by the Sea," to even larger and more successful enterprises of this character.

The show is in reality an agricultural and industrial fair. It was given the name "Corn Show," when first inaugurated two years ago. Last year the word "Agricultural" was added, and, with many new features this year, it has really assumed the proportions of a fair. Little did the original promoters realize it would grow so rapidly, but with the growing enthusiasm to advertise the resources of this section and to give prominence to Wilmington's "back country," came the inspiration and spirit to continue to promote the proposition.

The logical time has arrived to form a fair association and there is every reason to believe that this will be accomplished long before the time for next year's event. It affords a splendid opportunity to boost Wilmington and Eastern North Carolina, and as its largest city, it devolves upon Wilmington to put it through successfully. The show this week no doubt will attract a large attendance and a warm welcome awaits all who come. The interest in the fair is a measure of the interest the people are taking in agriculture and it means more scientific methods, greater yields and diversified crops. Many people point with pride to the results already brought about by the two previous shows in Wilmington.

The fair is not based upon any selfish motive on Wilmington's part, but the purpose is a wholehearted desire to give her co-operation in eliciting the interest of the surrounding counties in improved methods and to put the people in touch with the most intelligent effort and therefore bring about more contentment in farm life as a whole.

Then it also affords an excellent opportunity to display the manufacturing adaptabilities of this section in an altogether appropriate manner and attract the proper aid for its development.

WHAT DO THE ANTI-DUMPERS SAY?

With the war in Europe becoming more appalling in its scope and its terrible waste of lives and wealth assuming the most staggering proportions, some Americans are still agitating the fear that when the war is over the whole of Europe will turn its attention to manufacturing and will dump its products on America in such volume as to put our industries out of business. Meanwhile they do not seem to be able to foresee the difficulties that the European countries will have in getting on their feet so they can resume their activities.

In the first place, they will be bankrupt and it will take many millions of dollars to replace some of their industries and set them to going ahead. It will require millions to purchase raw materials and millions more to market the finished product. If there is anything for American manufacturers to be alarmed about we fail to see it. However, some one started the dumping scare and it seems to be growing right along. Meanwhile, we may judge of the condition that will prevail among European industries by the arrival of the French industrial commission in New York some days ago. They are anticipating that condition and have come here in advance to arrange for trading here instead of dumping their manufactures on us. No doubt they will have to buy from us for years. The New York Journal of Commerce views it as follows:

"The avowed object of the French Commission now visiting our shores is to make preliminary investigation and arrangements for trade relations between this country and France, when the war is over, which shall take the place of those maintained with Germany before its outbreak. 'Our war with Germany,' M. Damour, head of the Commission, is quoted as saying, 'will not end with the cessation of hostilities, for we are going to wage a terrific commercial war against our enemy.' The immediate purpose seems to be to plan for purchasing machinery and material for rebuilding the industrial establishments of France with the latest and most effective mechanical appliances, just as soon as the way is clear for the work of recuperation. The manufacturing, trade and financial interests and the government are co-operating in these arrangements.

"About $160,000,000 a year has been spent in Germany for machinery alone, said M. Damour, and that is "a very small estimate of what will be spent in America when trade conditions become normal.' In this particular line there seems to be reason to believe that a great deal may be done. France will need this re-equipment and neither Germany nor England will be in a position to supply it after the war, even if the French were willing to take it from the former. There is no reason why this country should not be able and willing to furnish it, and it will serve to make up to no small extent in the iron and steel trade for what will be lost from the cessation of the demand for munitions and war material. We ought to be able to do it at as low a cost and on as easy terms as anybody, and to hold the trade when obtained. It is also said that we will be expected to take manufactured goods on a liberal scale from France."

Europe will hardly be able to dump much on us for years, else she will show marvelous ability to recover at once from such a disastrous and destructive war as seems to be just beginning in earnest.

What is to be said of the iniative, genius and sturdiness of American industry, if it is unable to compete successfully, when conditions in this country are normal, with the industry of other nations disorganized, paralyzed and literally "down and out?"

THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL FAIR.

(By Alice Rea Herring.)

Come take a trip with me
To our city by the sea,
To the Agricultural Show,
Where we exhibit what we grow.

Every nice thing you can eat
Will be found on Market street,
Under tents so big and tall
They will hold us, one and all.

Every art you can conceive
Will be here, you may believe,
And the live stock you will find
To be the best of every kind.

The big feature of the show
Will be the floats, all in a row,
Marching to music grand
Furnished by a famous band.

Ten cents at the door present;
Any more we will resent.
Come and join us in our mirth;
You will get your money's worth.

THE HOSPITAL GIFT.

To the Editor of The Star:

As a member of the medical profession and as a citizen, I wish to make public acknowledgment of my profound appreciation of the noble gift made by Mr. James Sprunt and Mrs. Luola Murchison Sprunt and the other donors, to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, and I cannot but feel that they have acted wisely in providing these facilities for the care of expectant mothers and of sick babies. Maternity is the most critical period in a woman's life, and if she ever needs skilled care and good attention, it is at this time.

It may prove of public interest to state that from October 1st, 1914, to September 30th, 1915, 886 babies were born in Wilmington and New Hanover county. Only 441 of the mothers had the care of a physician. The remaining 445 mothers, partly due to poverty and ignorance of the importance of surrounding themselves with skilled care at this time, were attended in many instances by ignorant midwives, who have not the faintest conception of what modern antisepsis means. As a natural consequence, many of these mothers are condemned to future invalidism.

Statistics show that fully 20,000 women die each year in the United States from improper care at this most critical time in their lives, and, further, that the majority of the cases of blindness can be directly traced to neglect of the eyes of babies at birth. In other words, blindness is not sent as a punishment by a loving Maker, but is due in a large number of instances to lack of care on the part of the attendant.

C. P. BOLLES.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Greensboro News, standing sponsor for the Glorious Girls, challenges the world to a beauty contrast. Raleigh's Relics are, of course, barred. —Asheville Citizen.

The Wilmington Star says: "When a man's party is perfectly satisfactory to him, he never insists on a strong opposition party so it can stand the chance of getting beaten at the polls." No man desires two strong parties in states where his own party is weak.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

The Chatham Manufacturing Company is erecting a large brick building near the Woolen Mill to be used as a storage house for cotton and cotton mill products. It is the intention of the company to remove the old cotton mill building next spring and replace it with a brick building which will be used for the purpose of generating electricity to run all of its machinery and as much more as may be needed by the company, allowing for its continued growth.—Elkin Tribune.

The editor of the Kinston, N. C., Free Press is H. Galt Braxton, and some of the North State paragraphers are accusing this gentleman of beginning to "part his name in the middle" since the engagement of President Wilson was announced. The accusation is unfounded. The editor of the Free Press, however, is a Virginian, and is entitled to use a good old Virginia name like Galt in this way if he sees fit to do so.—Rock Hill Herald.

"Chicago, Nov. 11.—Ex-President Taft told members of the Hamilton Club today that the Republicans would come back to power next year. He paid his respects to the Democratic administration by saying that President Wilson should in no way receive credit for the present indications of prosperity."—From the Sun. We were never much impressed by the theory that National administrations made or unmade prosperity. But in one respect the Wilson administration has claims that are unique. The present prosperity of the United States is due in a very large measure to the new banking and currency law, which made it possible for the first time in our history to mobilize all the financial resources of the Nation to meet a great crisis.—New York World.

Human nature is a great thing. It is complicated and mysterious and as baffling as are the pyramids of Egypt. In the local municipal court a day or two ago, the judge presiding delivered a lecture to the negroes on their tendency to have one another "pulled up" before him on the most trival charges. Locally it is the custom for members of the colored race to air their grievances in the courts and the cases that are brought before the Mayor are many and varied. The charges are often absurd while in some cases they are well founded but back of them all is seen the tendency to "get even," to make the offending one pay out a little money which, in the majority of cases, inconveniences them greatly. The sooner that the colored race stops this practice, the better it will be for them. The city does not want their money, it wants them to be peaceable and brotherly in their dealings with one another.—Newbern Sun.

EVANGELIST CROSS RETURNS

Back in Kinston to Hold Services Remainder of the Fall.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 14.—Percy Cross, the noted Texas evangelist who "stayed on the job" weeks longer than any of the other evangelists in the history-making "simultaneous" religious meeting here last spring, is back again to preach in Gordon Street Christian church the remainder of the fall. A large congregation heard him last night, when he had as his subject, "The Woman Who Told the Truth." Mr. Cross has a style different from that of any other traveling preach of the reputation. He is a little more conservative mut fully as energetic as Billy Sunday, and as much of an athlete. He is of English nativity, an expert pugilist and uses "live wire" language. He is perhaps the best-known evangelist in the southwest.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

"Roll Your Own"—It's All The Fashion

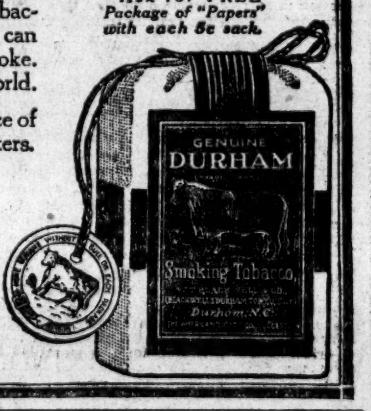
"Bull" Durham tobacco, fresh, delicious, satisfying, is the favorite smoke of ultra-smart America. Any afternoon in the fashionable metropolis, prominent business men, professional men and club men roll up in their motors to the popular Thes-Dansants, Hotels and Restaurants for a bit of light refreshment, a view of the dancing, and—most enjoyable of all—a fragrant, fresh-rolled "Bull" Durham Cigarette, fashioned by their own skill, to meet their individual requirements.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

"Bull" Durham is distinguished from all other tobaccos by a wonderful, delightful, unique, aroma that can instantly be recognized in the faintest trace of smoke. There is no other fragrance like it in all the world.

"Bull" Durham hand made cigarettes are a source of lasting satisfaction to millions of experienced smokers.

Ask for FREE Package of "Papers" with each 5c sack.



FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, *free*, to any address in U. S. on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

WRITE US TODAY

And Let Us Send You Catalogues and Price Lists of

Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

—also—

FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS, AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

J.W. MURCHISON & COMPANY

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

Coughs and Colds are Dangerous!

One out of every three people die of Lung Diseases—all started with a Cough.

At First Sign of Cough take Dr. King's New Discovery.

Few of us realize the danger of Coughs and Colds. We consider them common and harmless ailments. However statistics tell us *every third person* dies of a lung ailment.

Dangerous Bronchial and Lung diseases often follow a neglected cold. As your body struggles against cold germs, no better aid can be had than Dr. King's New Discovery. Its merit has been tested by old and young. In use over 45 years. Get a bottle to-day. Avoid the risk of serious Lung ailments. All druggists.

J.F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27, 28, 29 Carroll Building.

LEATHER GOODS

LADIES' HAND BAGS, ... from $4.00 to $10.00
GENTLEMEN'S BILL BOOK and CARD CASES . . . from 75c to $6.00
MUSIC ROLLS ..... from $1.50 to $6.00

CALL AND LET US SHOW THEM TO YOU.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

PHONE 851 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

"Buy It in Wilmington"—Rotary Club.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

EXPECT CROWDS AT BIG SHOW

Agricultural Fair Chief Event of Week In Ilmington—Busy Day at Tents—Conditions Favorable.

Corn and Agricultural Show week, beginning tomorrow noon, will be welcomed by Wilmington and the surrounding counties. With favorable weather conditions the attendance is expected to be many times more than that of last year and it wil be a season of gay activities, with many novel features and interesting exhibits to attract all who come.

The large tents were a big advertisement over Sunday and were visited by hundreds of local people who got their first glimpse of the scene of the much heralded event. They were more than pleased with the prospects and surprised at the progress that has marked the undertaking within the past few days. Today will be another busy one for the management and a large force of workmen who are bending every effort to surpass by long odds similar shows in Wilmington and this section will have everything in readiness for the official opening tomorrow.

A great deal of care has been given to the construction of booths and the exhibits will be of the same high order. The tent management has been exceedingly efficient and if the preliminary work is a measure of the success of the show it will more than meet expectations. The Wilmington people in general have co-operated in giving the financial support desired and the success of the enterprise has been long ago assured.

The Health Exhibit to which special attention has already been called will be one of the chief attractions of the fair and the ladies of Sorosis are very much pleased in securing this, which has proven a decided attraction of many of the different fairs held throughout the State this fall. Also the visit of Mr. L. B. Cook, of the Animal Industry Division, of the United States Department of Agriculture, who will deliver a lecture with stereopticon views at the Victoria Theatre next Friday evening at 8 o'clock on dairying. There will be no admission charge and the public is cordially invited to attend.

Reduced Rates in Effect

Attention is again called to the reduction in rates over the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard. The Coast Line rates are in effect from all points within a radius of fifty miles on its lines. This will mean from Wilmington to Magnolia on the Wilmington and Weldon; Wilmington to Garland on the A. & Y.; Jacksonville on the Newbern branch and Whiteville on the W. C. & A. These rates will be in effect from November 16th to 19th, inclusive.

"The Made in Wilmington Parade" on Wednesday which is being awaited with much interest, is one of the big features of the week, and many beautiful and costly floats are being arranged by participants. It is predicted that this will be most interesting and will be one of the surprises of the show.

Messrs. John J. Blair and Adam Empie and Mrs. L. B. Sasser have been appointed as judges for the parade. A prize of $15 is offered for the most attractive float and for the second attractive float a prize of $10 is offered. The prizes are given by the Rotary club under whose auspices the parade will be held.

Mr Thomas R. Ames, who has had charge of the arrangements for the parade, will be chief marshall. He will have as his assistants John R. Murchison, Meares Harriss, E. L. White and S. M. Boatwright.

There will be keen competition for the prizes and the floats will be of most attractive designs. Practically all the manufacturers of Wilmington as well as the various civic and other community organizations of the city will be represented in the parade. Chairman Ames has been assured that there will be more than 50 floats in the parade.

Claims He Broke in A. C. L. Car.

A negro, giving in his name as Jim Smith, was arrested last night about 11 o'clock at Water and Market streets, by Policeman W. R. Applebury. When arrested the negro had in his possession a gallon jug of coca cola, which he claimed he got by breaking into an A. C. L. car and drawing it from a barrel. The A. C. L. yard office was called, but they were unable to locate any broken cars last night. The negro is in the city prison.

CRIMINAL TERM OF COURT

Judge Frank Daniels, of Goldsboro, Wille Preside—Election Cases May Be Tried—Light Dockett.

Judge Frank Daniels, of Goldsboro, after an absence of a week, during which he held court at Burgaw, will return to Wilmington this morning, and will preside at the term of Superior Court for the trial of criminal cases which convenes today.

There is much interest in the term, because the much discussed six cases against city officials and former city officials, charged with violations of the election laws, may be called at this session. The indictments were returned by the last grand jury, but no capiases have ever been issued and it is not known what will be the next step.

There is only one homicide case to be tried, this being Tom Merrick, a young negro, who is charged with the killing of Mr. L. B. Hudson, a young white man, in this city, last August. The case was continued from the last term of Criminal Court.

There is comparatively a light docket, only 11 cases being on the calendar for trial, with the exception of the six election cases.

The jurors summoned to serve this week are as follows: Oscar Bell, W. B. Boykin, J. S. Parker, H. T. Otten, L. C. Craig, P. L. Page, J. G. McNeal, R. Sidbury, E. A. Ganey, J. A. Russell, T. H. Robbins, Ed. Sutton, E. H. Munson, C. C. Mattox, J. Toomer, J. D. McCarley, Don McLeod, S. G. MacMillan, H. M. MacMillan, D. F. Toler, Joseph Sharrock, Henry Sherman, H. R. Smith, O. H. Shoemaker, E. P. Schulken, Chas. E. Morton, R. F. McCorkle, A. T. Murry, E. C. Newton, J. Q. Swann, Clifton T. Williams, O. K. Woodcock, J. N. Sweeney, A. B. McNair, R. E. Owens, E. E. Russ, E. V. McKenzie and John Wanamaker.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

ARREST REGARDED IMPORTANT

Negro Taken in Charge by Officer Frank George Connected With Many Burglaries, Police Say.

The police are firmly of the opinion that with the arrest of James Davis, a colored youth of uncertain residence, early yesterday morning by Plain-clothes Officer Frank George, while the former was loitering on Chestnut, between Sixth and Seventh streets, shortly after midnight, they have at last incarcerated one of perhaps several negroes who are responsible for the numerous petty burglaries which were no end of annoyance for the past several months.

Officer George had been detailed to that section of the city in which Capt. Charles Wessell resides and whose residence had been burglarized several times in the past week or ten days. Keeping himself in the shadow of residences on an opposite side of the street, Officer George at 12:45 a. m. observed Davis leisurely making his way past the residence of Capt. Wessell, stopping now and then as if making observations on his side of the street.

At an opportune moment, the officer crossed the street in the rear of the young negro and laid hands on him before Davis had time to get the "jump" on the officer. The negro's actions were suspicious from the start and added to the fact that he gave several places as his residence, Acting sergeant W. C. Moore, who searched him at the station, had difficulty in getting from him a certain gold coin which was finally produced and which proved to be a German piece of gold, pierced through the rim as if used for a watch charm. He had also on his person pawn tickets for a revolver, a suit of clothes and a pair of trousers.

Public Safety Councilman James M. Hall, who does not rest when there is a line on anything that looks like a solution of the burglary mysteries, was soon at the station and with Sergeant J. S. Lane, he visited several addresses to which they were directed by the negro with the hope of finding some of the plunder that he has doubtless taken from places that have been entered. At none of the places could they find persons who would admit that Davis had lived there.

Finally taking the German coin as a clue, Councilman Hall went to the home of Capt. Wessell and inquired further as to his losses when his residence was entered a few nights ago. Capt. Wessell told of the flashlight that was stolen, but especially did he regret the loss of a German gold coin valued at about $5.00, which he had worn as a charm on his watch chain for many years. So highly prized was this coin for the association that went with it, that Capt. Wessell gave a minute description of it and even gave the date of the coin, 1872. Councilman Hall phoned to the police station and examination proved that Capt. Wessell had accurately described the coin, even to the exact date of its issuance in the Fatherland. The coin was then taken to Capt. Wessell and both he and Mrs. Wessell identified it most positvely as that stolen from their home the past week.

The negro stated that the coin was a $10 gold piece and that he had secured it in Florida and Alabama some years ago. The hole in it, he said, he punched with a nail.

Today the police will endeavor to ascertain if the pistol and clothing pawned were not stolen out of some of the several residences that have been entered.

The negro's foot was also measured and it was seen that it corresponded exactly with measurements taken at several of the houses entered the past several weeks, notably at the home of the Chinaman who was robbed of considerable money and a revolver some weeks ago.

The negro declines to talk plausibly of his identity further than that he had worked on a construction force under Mr. R. A. Burnett in Florida several years ago and that since he had worked at Navassa and at the Clyde docks. He accounted for his presence on Chestnut street yesterday morning by saying that he was going to a late train to meet his brother and again by saying that he had been playing craps with some other associates and was on his way home.

In searching the records at the police station yesterday a warrant for his arrest was found as having been issued in June of this year, charging him with the larceny of wearing apparel and money from a colored woman. He is about 22 or 23 years of age and has told so many conflicting stories that the police are certain that he is definitely and very intimately connected with the many burglaries that have taken place from night to night for some time. They will continue their investigations until Davis is carried before the Recorder.

FORMER WILMINGTONIAN IN PEN

James A. Ellers Married in Pittsburgh While Wife Was Here

James A. Ellers, formerly of Wilmington, was sentenced at Pittsburgh, Pa., a few days ago to five years in the penitentiary on conviction of bigamy, acording to Mrs. Ellers, who has just returned to the city, after going to the Pennsylvania city to testify again him.

Mr. Ellers was married in this city about six years ago, Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, performing the ceremony, and later moved to Pittsburgh. A few weeks ago while Mrs. Ellers was visiting in Wilmington, Mr. Ellers wrote to her that he had wronged a Pittsburgh girl, named Miss Howard. The letter insinuated that Mrs. Ellers should seek a divorce and he didn't care if she did. Upon investigation, Mrs. Ellers found that Ellers had married Miss Howard. Pennsylvania justice was soon visited upon him, and his marrying proclivities will have a rest for a few years, according to the story which reaches here. Mrs. Ellers and child are living at Seagate.

Thanksgiving Dinner.

Adjutant and Mrs. Mataxas, of the local post of the Salvation Army, announced yesterday that they would give a Thanksgiving dinner at their quarters on Front street for the benefit of about 200 poor children, who would otherwise have an undesirable Thanksgiving. They will also send out several baskets to poor families, on Thursday, November 25.

Accident Near Delgado.

A wagon belonging to the Delgado Store Company was bumped into by a jitney bus Saturday night on the shell road near the junction with Castle street. A rear wheel and the body of the wagon were smashed, but no one was seriously hurt.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

ASHEVILLE WANTS THE CAMP

Proposed Military Training School For Civilians Likely to Go to Western North Carolina.

While Wilmington is preparing to make a strong bid for the military training camp for civilians which Major General Leonard Wood has announced will be established in North Carolina, the people of the western part of the State feel that it is practically assured that the site for the camp will be in that locality, possibly near Asheville, according to the Asheville Citizen. However, nothing has as yet been decided upon and Wilmington may be able to offer superior advantages.

What Saturday's Asheville Citizen has to say about the proposition will be of interest here in view of the agitation that has been started. "The statement made by Major General Leonard Wood at Richmond Thursday night," says the Citizen, "to the effect that a military training camp, similar to the one conducted at Plattsburg, N. Y., last year, will be conducted in North Carolina early next year, means that Western North Carolina has again been selected over a number of southern points as an ideal location of the proposed camp in this section, perhaps at Asheville, although it is understood that the Pink Beds have been most favorably considered for the site of the proposed camp.

"Location of such a camp in North Carolina can mean only Western North Carolina, as no other portion of the State was considered by the officials who looked over the various sites offered. Colonel Sandford H. Cohen, who has been most active in his work for this section, made several trips to Washington in the interest of the proposed camp, and on two occasions, brought Major Charles Pelot Summerall, attached to the department of the chief of staff of the United States army, to Western North Carolina to look at various sites, Major Summerall having been designated by the War Department to seek an available site for such a camp in the South.

"Major Summerall visited Asheville in November, 1914, and returned to this city again last August. While here, he was taken to various points in and around Asheville, and a number of possible locations for the proposed military camp were submitted for his approval. While in this section in 1914, Major Summerall visited Pink Beds, on the Vanderbilt estate, and it is significant to those promoting the project to secure this camp, that the major on his return, decided to revisit this site. Accompanied by Colonel Cohen, H. W. Plummer, of the Asheville Power and Light Company, and N. Buckner, of the board of trade, Major Summerall made the trip to the Ping Beds by automobile, spending the entire day on the mountain.

"At that time, the supposed object of Major Summerall's trip to Western North Carolina was the examination of sites available for a permanent artillery camp, but in view of the recent announcement of General Wood to the effect that a training camp will be located in North Carolina next year, it is now believed that Major Summerall's object was to seek out an available site for a business men's training camp, similar to the one conducted at Plattsburg last year. Major Summerall had visited sites in Tennessee, Georgia and Florida during the interim that elapsed between his visit here in 1914 and his visit last August, and Western North Carolina, it is believed, was the only section of the country that attracted his attention sufficiently to warant a return visit.

"But the Pink Beds, while most favorably viewed by the major, do not constitute the only available site for a military training school around Asheville, it is pointed out by those who are enthusiastically working for the camp. There are many sites close to Asheville that could be used for the purpose required, and that are especially well-fitted for the purpose required, now that artillery practice is not among the duties of the "soldiers." The location of such a camp would bring several thousand men from different points in the South, to Asheville, and their presence would add greatly to the benefits already derived by Asheville from its famous reputation as an all-year resort. Since General Wood made his statement at Richmond Thursday night, the board of trade has written the War Department, again urging that the camp be located at some point in this section, preferably at Asheville."

PREPARING FOR BIG EVENT

Methodists of the City Will Entertain Probably 400 When Conference Meets Next Month

Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Methodist church, said yesterday that the Methodists of Wilmington, with the enthusiastic help of the other churches, are expecting to entertain something like 400 people in about two weeks when the North Carolina Methodist Conference will be held with Grace church the first week in December, which is not now long off.

According to the present understandings, there will be 250 preachers and 96 laymen in attendance at the conference. A great many of these will bring their wives with them, making the estimate of 400 very low.

Wilmington has always been one of the most hospitable cities in the country, when it comes to entertaining, and the large number of people, who will be here for a whole week have reason to anticipate their stay with pleasure.

It will be interesting to the many friends of Bishop John C. Kilgo, of Charlotte, who will preside at the meetings, to know that his special sermons for the occasion will be an important feature of the programmes of the conference.

Methodist ministers all over eastern North Carolina are probably preaching their farewell sermons to many congregations within the next Sunday or two. Bishop Kilgo and his "cabinet," of which Rev. L. E. Thompson, of this city, is a member, will assign the pastors to the different charges during the conference.

Homes have been already provided for a large number of the visitors, who will begin arriving in about two weeks.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

REV. MR. HOWELL ON "HEAVEN"

Fourth of Series of Sermons on Subject of "Heaven," at Winter Park Presbyterian Church.

"I wish to speak this afternoon on the subject of the 'mansions' in heaven, and have chosen as my text the only verse in the Bible which gives us the suggestion of the theme, viz.: John 14:2: 'In my Father's house are many mansions,'" said Rev. A. J. Howell, pastor of Winter Park Presbyterian church to his congregation as an introductory to the fourth of a series of sermons on "Heaven" yesterday afternoon.

"The Sixth chapter of the First Book of Kings tells of the building of Solomon's Temple. It states that against the walls of the house he built chambers round about. These were the dwelling places for the ministering priests, translated into English by the word 'mansions,' from the Latin 'manere,' to remain, to dwell. The later temples had similar abiding places. In John 2:16 Christ spoke of the temple in Jerusalem as 'My Father's house'; and in this He expressed the sentiment of the devout Jews.

"On the last, solemn night which Jesus spent with his apostles, he wanted to speak to them of heaven, and said 'In my Father's house are many mansions,' emphasizing, we may be sure, the word 'many.' The temple familiar to them had but few abiding places, but in the Father's house above there would be enough for all of the Lord's redeemed saints.

"I have spoken previously to you of the location of Heaven, of its inhabitants, and of their employments; and now I wish to connect all of these ideas with the thought of our Father's house,' for our heavenly home, and its mansions," said Mr. Howell.

"Certainly the Bible indicates that in heaven God's people will live a life of weariless activity, their unending days full of the many employments suggested in the Bible. But we instinctively feel that at times we shall return to our abiding places for repose of heart and meditation. That is how our capacities are developed and we learned to use properly the knowledge which comes to us.

"We have what may be termed a 'homing instinct.' After our daily work and the pursuit of pleasure or whatever engages our attention, we need to come home and join the family circle, where we hear words and tones which come only to our ear and where he can speak our thoughts with a sweet familiarity. We believe that such an instinct for home will follow us to heaven, and that in some way family relations will be continued there. And the Saviour has gone to prepare for each of us our mansion or abiding-place.

"'House' in the text is synonymous with 'home,' and, in the figurative language of Scripture descriptive of heaven, it is synonymous with 'temple' and 'city.' So the Father's 'house' is the 'holy city,' the 'new Jerusalem'; and our many mansions will be in that city which the Lord has gone to prepare. Many of us have traveled far away, and, however much pleasure we may have had, we often turned our thought back 'home 'to our own city or town. So God wishes us to think of heaven as our 'home' city. The apostle writing to the Hebrews says 'For here we have no continuing city, but we seek one to come'; that is 'a city which hath foundations, whose builder and maker is God.' We are to set our thoughts and affections upon that city, and keep it constantly in view as an inspiration of our life. There are so many glorious attractions to draw us to the city of God.

"In our mansions in our Father's house, we shall be forever happy and at rest. When we get to the end of the way through the world, we shall find joys unspeakable awaiting us. 'For so an entrance shall be ministered unto you abundantly into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.'"

COLONIAL APARTMENTS OPEN

Have Installed New Equipment—Three Apartment Houses.

The remodeling of the Colonial Apartment House has been completed and the building is now open, thus making three apartment houses in the city. The Colonial is owned by Pearsall & Co., and Mr. Horace Pearsall is manager of the house. Messrs. James & James, Inc., have charge of the renting of the property.

The apartments since remodeled are among the most up-to-date in this part of the State, one of the most modern fixtures being their push button elevator. The elevator was put in at a cost of $3,000 by the Moffitt Machinery Manufacturing Company, of Charlotte. No elevator boy is required for this modern equipment. When the elevator is idle, it wil respond to the touch of a button and will go to whichever floor the person is on when he pushes the button. It is arranged so that the doors must be closed, before the elevator can move, thus preventing accidents. When in the elevator a passenger pushes a button corresponding with the number of the floor to which he wants to go. The machine moves rapidly to that floor and stops.

There are 15 housekeeping apartments in the building, all but one of which are already rented. Each apartment is equipped with a private telephone and all other modern conveniences.

On the first floor is the big dining room operated by Mrs. W. L. Miller, who has an apartment on that floor.

LARGE CITY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

Average Daily Attendance for October Was 3,764—Monthly Report.

Mr. J. J. Blair, superintendent of the Wilmington city schools, has completed his report of the schools for the month of October and will submit it to the Board of Education, probably Tuesday, showing a very large attendance for the month.

The report shows that there is a total enrollment of 5,128 pupils in the city schools, 2,802 white and 1,326 colored. The average daily attendance for the total was 3,764. The Hemenway school had the highest average for attendance for the month with 99 per cent., with the Union school next, with 98. The High School average was 97, Isaac Bear 96, Cornelius Harnett and William Hooper 95.

The number of pupils tardy during the month was 236, number suspended or expelled 4, one at the Union school, one at the William Hooper and two at the Peabody colored school.

The enrollment for the different schools was as follows: Union School, 725; Hemenway, 556; High School, 422; Isaac Bear, 254; Cornelius Harnett, 301; William Hooper, 541. Total, 2,802. The enrollment for the colored schools was: Williston Industrial, 456; Williston Primary, 307; Peabody, 541. Total, 1,326.

DEATH OF MRS. HARRISON

Former Wilmington Lady Died at Her Home in Gainesville, Ga.

It will be sad news to many friends in this city to know that Mrs. W. F. Harrison, daughter of Mrs. W. H. Pettway, of No. 416 South Fifth avenue, this city, died at her home in Gainesville, Ga., yesterday morning after long illness. It was not stated yesterday whether or not the body would be sent here for burial.

Mrs. Harrison is survived by her husband and two sons, Masters Alger and Forrest, of Gainesville, Ga. She is also survived by her mother, one brother, Mr. W. N. Pettway, of Goldsboro; four sisters, Mrs. Dunham, Misses Irene, Stella and Florence Pettway, of this city, all of whom have the tender sympathy of their many friends.

The deceased, when living in Wilmington, was a devoted member of St. John's Episcopal church. She lived a true Christian life and was loved by all who knew her.

NOTICE
CAROLINA YACHT CLUB

The regular annual meeting will be held at the Court House, Monday night, Nov. 15, at 8:00 o'clock.

At this meeting the Governing Board will request the use of the Reserve Fund, or part thereof. A plan for a decided change in the management of the Club and certain improvements will be proposed.

R. G. RANKIN,
Purser.

Malaria or Chills & Fever

Prescription No. 666 is prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

Will You Suceeed or Fail?

YOUTH, A MISTAKE; MANHOOD, A STRUGGLE; OLD AGE, A REGRET!

How many lives can be summed up in those ten words? How many failures can be traced to the mistakes of those who neglected to save money in youth, to meet the added responsibilities of manhood and the burdens of old age?

Begin saving right now. Place yourself beyond the reach of the fearful uncertainties that menace the future of the thriftless.

You can start an account at this bank with $1.00 or more.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

What You Don't Know About Saving Would Fill a Book

—AND HERE'S THE BOOK

Complete in one volume—no serial. It contains nothing objectionable—no tiresome descriptions or elaborate treatise on any creed, faith or political affiliation.

No man, woman or child can afford to be without it—it's for you—it's with you and it's yours.

The price is the deposit of one dollar, and you get your money back whether you are pleased or not—but we guarantee satisfaction.

The title—a **PASS BOOK**—from

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 Princess Street

BELK STORES:
BELK BROS. CHARLOTTE, N. C.
W. H. BELK & BRO. MONROE, N. C.
R. J. BELK CO. WAXHAW, N. C.
BROWN-BELK CO. GREENSBORO, N. C.
PARKS-BELK CO. CONCORD, N. C.

BELK BROS.
DEPARTMENT STORES
210-212 N. Front Street,
Wilmington.

BELK STORES:
BELK-HARRY CO. SALISBURY, N. C.
JOHNSTON-BELK CO. STATESVILLE, N. C.
WILLIAMS-BELK CO. SANFORD, N. C.
HUDSON-BELK CO. RALEIGH, N. C.
KIRKPATRICK-BELK CO. YORKVILLE, S. C.
J. M. BELK CO. GASTONIA, N. C.

Here is a list of our Department Stores, "Wilmington Store" is destined to "Lead Them All." We are going to make it so.

MONDAY

We put on sale a great selection of the Latest and Newest Coat Suits, Dresses, Cloaks, Skirts, Shirt Waists. Our buyers in New York are keeping the express rolling in and they will go out at Belk Prices. Watch this space, it will pay you.

BELK BROTHERS

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Annie Williams, accompanied by her friend, Miss LaGolda Smith, spent yesterday at Leland, visiting friends.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club will be held in the Court House tonight. There are a number of important matters to be considered.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Southwell and little daughter, Miss Grace Elibabeth, have returned to Wilmington from Aurora, Missouri. Mrs. Southwell joins her husband here.

* * *

Miss Wood, of Norfolk, Va., and Miss Mays, of Philadelphia, were the attractive guests of Mrs. J. J. Anderson, No. 119 Chestnut street, Saturday and Sunday.

* * *

All floral exhibits for the Corn Show, both for florists and amateurs, must be in place by 11 o'clock Tuesday, as they will be judged before the opening of show at 12 o'clock.

* * *

There will be a joint meeting of the Rebekah Autumn Fair, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the parlors of the Odd Fellow's building. A full attendance is urged, as this will be the last meeting before the fair.

* * *

New York correspondence, News and Observer: Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bessellieu, of Wilmington, N. C., announced this week the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eleanor Lorraine Bessellieu, to George Paxton Russell, of this city. No date has yet been set for the wedding."

* * *

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Mr. and Mrs. Louis Brown McKoy will leave Tuesday night for Richmond, Va., to spend a few days with Mr. McKoy's mother, Mrs. Robert H. McKoy of Charleston, W. Va., who will go to Richmond the first of the week to undergo treatment. Mrs. McKoy formerly resided in Wilmington and her friends there and elsewhere in the State will be concerned to hear of her recent illnss."

* * *

CHARMING DANSANT GIVEN TO BRIDAL PARTY AT WILSON

Wilson, N. C., Nov. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Moseley Hussey charmingly entertained at a dansant in honor of the Carter-Wallace bridal party at their residence on Kenan avenue Tuesday evening. The Wilson Times gives the following account:

"The guests were received at the front door by Mr. and Mrs. Hussey, assisted by Mr. and Mrs. William Carter and ushered into the punch room by Mrs. Mercer Oats, of Tarboro. Mrs. Charles Price, of Wilmington and Mrs. John H. Carter, of Warsaw, served a delightful fruit punch.

"The punch room was tastefully decorated the color scheme of pink and white being beautifully carried out by a profusion of pink and white chrysanthemums. The dining room was a scene of loveliness. Here Killarney roses, shaded by the lights from many candelabra, added lustre to the scene.

"The orchestra, stationed in a garden of chrysanthemums, rendered delightful music for the occasion. All the latest dances were enjoyed, and the last figure, the old-time Virginia reel led by Mr. W. J. Blakely and Mrs. Charles A. Price, of Wilmington, was the most enjoyable event of the evening.

"The ice course was then served in form of slippers, bells, horse shoes, lilies and hearts, with heart shaped cake. Each plate was adorned with little souvenirs of wishbone, arrows and orange blossom spray tied with white ribbon.

"Others dancing were: Misses Annie Sheppard Branch, Erwin Carter, Dorothy Whitehead, Gladys Smith, Virginia Davis, Lillian Ellsworth, of Washington; Rebecca Scott, of Graham; Maud Stewart, Elizabeth Howard, and Lizzie Baker, of Tarboro; Messrs. Stanley Boykin, Ashley Young, John Bruton, Allen Grey Tomlinson, Ben Smith, W. J. Blakely, Senator Johnson, of Warsaw, Fitzhugh Wallace, of Kenansville; William Ellsworth, of Washington; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. William Mercer Oates, of Tarboro; Mrs. Charles A. Price, of Wilmington, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Moseley Hussey."

* * *

ATKINSON MAN WEDS WINSTON-SALEM GIRL

Atkinson, N. C., Nov. 14. — This account of a Winston-Salem wedding will be of interest to friends in this section, because of the prominence of the groom, who is from this place. The following is taken from the Winston-Salem Journal:

"A beautiful wedding was celebrated yesterday evening at 6:30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Crist, on South Church street, when Miss Maude Louise Keehln became the bride of Mr. C. DeVane Murphy of Atkinson, Rev. J. Kenneth Pfohl, pastor of the Home Moravian church, performing the ceremony.

"The home was tastily and beautifully decorated for the occasion. In the drawing room, where the ceremony was performed, an altar was formed composed of graduated white columns wreathed in Southern smilax, and holding white chandeliers and white candles. Ferns and white chrysanthemums were grouped about the altar, in front of which was a white satin kneeling cushion.

"After the guests had assembled, delightful musical program was rendered. Mrs. J. Kenneth Pfohl, presided at the piano. Miss Blanche King sweetly played a violin solo, "Tovalleria," after which Mrs. Hugh Curran sang: "Because I Love You," and "Two Eyes of Brown." Mrs. Pfohl played the pridal chorus from Lohengrin.

"The two aunts of the bride, Mrs. V. E. Kester, of Spencer, and Miss Agnes Keehln took their places at the door and held a broad satin ribbon, forming an arch. Two children, little Miss Mary McKelvie and Master William Miller, carried the other ends of the ribbon to the altar, forming an aisle. Rev. J. K. Pfohl entered in his white surplice and took his place at the altar. He was followed by the ring bearer, Master Walter Ring, bearing the ring in a big white chrysanthemum. Then followed the matron of honor, Mrs. Marvin Swain, wearing a plaid taffeta skirt, black velvet jacket and black picture hat, trimmed in gold lace, and carrying a large bouquet of huge yellow chrysanthemums.

"The bride, leaning on the arm of the groom, entered, dressed in a tailored suit of blue broadcloth, trimmed in fur, and black velvet hat, carrying an exquisite bouquet of bride's roses, showered with lillies of the valley and tied with valley tulle.

"During the beautiful ring ceremony that followed, Miss King softly played "Traulerer" on the violin, accompanied by Mrs. Pfohl on the piano.

"After the ceremony and congratulations from the friends present, Miss Agnes Keehln gave an informal reception. A delightful six-course family dinner was served, the decorations in the dining room consisting of pink carnations, Southern smilax and ferns. Covers were laid for eight.

"Upstairs, many beautiful and useful bridal gifts were displayed, attesting the great popularity of the young couple."

"The bride is the attractive and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Keehln, of Gloria avenue, Southside. She is a graduate of Salem Academy and College and has been teaching for the past few years in the eastern part of the State, where she has met with remarkable success. She has hosts of friends in this city and througnout the State who will be greatly interested to learn of her marriage. Mr. Murphy is a prosperous and substantial young farmer in Eastern Carolina.

"The young couple left by automobile for Greensboro, where they took a train last night for Northern cities. In about two weeks, they will return to Atkinson, where they will celebrate Thanksgiving Day in their own home."

* * *

MISS LILA COCHRAN BECOMES BRIDE OF MR. HORACE GAULT

West End, N. C., Nov. 14.—The beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Cochran was brilliantly lighted and decorated last Wednesday at the wedding of their daughter, Miss Lila, to Mr. Horace J. Gault, of Acme, N. C. The reception hall and parlor were thrown in one which made a spacious room for the numerous guests. The magnificent arch of green and white harmonized beautifully with its surroundings. Just before the ceremony "The Melody of Love" was sung sweetly by Misses Critcher and Hargett. Miss Critcher wore a gown of gold and black en train. The wedding march was played by Miss Hargett, who was dressed in soft pink tulle. The bride wore a suit of midnight blue gabardine with fur trimmings and hat to match. She carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The pretty ring ceremony was performed by Rev. Paul DeLaney, of Jackson Springs, N. C. The little ring bearer, Miss Edith Cochran, of Charlotte, N. C., came in with the courier, Master Jack Critcher. Both were dressed in suits of white and green. After the ceremony the guests were ushered in the dining room where several courses of delightful refreshments were served. The bride and groom shortly thereafter took their departure for Raleigh, N. C., where they later left for the Northern cities. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. Wilson and daughter, Miss Anna, of Johnson City, Tenn.; Mrs. M. M. Critcher and daughter, Miss Emma, of Lynchburg, Va.; Miss Anna Hargett, of Charlotte, N. C.; Mr. Fred McIntyre, of Troy, N. C.; Mr. Floyd Belue, of Union, S. C.; Miss Bessie Reynolds, of Troy, N. C.; Miss Louise Gault, sister of the groom; Mrs. Marine Kinball, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. R. V. Cochran, Charlotte, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Gault are both popular and well known and are loved by all. The many and beautiful gifts they received proves the high esteem in which they are held. Mr. and Mrs. Gault will be at home to their freinds in Acme, N. C., after December 1.

MASS MEETING TONIGHT

Speeches by Public Spirited Citizens in Regard to Financing Team

The postponed meeting of the baseball fans of the city will be held this evening at the court house at 8 o'clock as a continuation of working up of baseball spirit among the business men of the city.

Finance is the side that has given most trouble in the past, and is the difficulty now to be surmounted. It is recognized by all progressive cities that a baseball team is a strong factor in advertising a city, and that in a city the size of Wilmington, it is self-supporting if once started right, say the promoters of the sport.

At the meeting tonight there will be several speeches by men who know the situation and who will endeavor to show the business men that a baseball team is a paying investment for them. These details are intensely interesting, and will be presented in interesting style. When it is known that this great advertisement for this city can be had, almost without even the risk of any cost, it is hoped by the fans that nothing more will be necessary except the organization of a society for the creation of useful noises.

Such a society will probably be here next spring when the several National and American teams stop over on their return North from their Southern training camps to show the locals how they do it in the big leagues. These games will be most interesting if a local League team can be had at that time. To be eligible to membership in the society for the creation of useful noises will only require a strong voice, tough hands and big feet. All members will be sworn to never remain silent. All applicants for membership are requested to attend the meeting tonight at the court house.

An invitation is extended to all citizens who have Wilmington's best interest at heart, as something must be done tonight, for it must be remembered that the meeting of the directors of the Virginia League will be held Thursday, November 18th, in Norfolk, and the Petersburg franchise will be awarded to whichever city offers the best inducements.

Special Committee of City Council.

There will be a meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the City Hall of the special commiteee of City Council, which was appointed some time ago to make an investigation of the Water and Sewerage Department with a view to improving its efficiency. The meeeing has been called as a result of the monthly report of Dr. Nesbitt, county health officer, in which he had stated that the Health Department had been unable to secure co-operation from the employes of the Water and Sewerage Department.

Second Week of Federal Court.

The second week of the November term of Federal Court will convene today in the Postoffice building, Judge Connor presiding. The docket will be light for this week, as most of the cases of importance were disposed of last.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

THE INTRA-COASTAL WATERWAY

"The Livest Proposition I Know of, Commercially and Strategically Necessary"—R. A. Parsley.

"The livest proposition and the most important public work to the business interests of Wilmington at present," said Mr. R. A. Parsley, president of the North Carolina Waterways Association, who with Messrs. L. E. Hall and Hugh MacRae, of the Chamber of Commerce, have just returned from Savannah, Ga., where they attended the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, "is the problem of getting Beaufort harbor connected with the Cape Fear river for the use of barges."

All three of these gentlemen are enthusiastic over the proposition and their enthusiasm was increased wonderfully with the meeting and exchange of ideas with the 1,000 men who spent last week in Savannah discussing deeper waterways. Mr. Parsley is very enthusiastic over the matter of taking the question up with the Congressmen and Senators, especially Senator Simmons, who he says promised in the Chamber of Commerce that he would lend his influence toward securing the completion of a canal from Beaufort harbor to the Cape Fear river. This, it is estimated, will cost $2,900,000.

It is the purpose of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, to see the way opened for intra-coastal water traffic from Cape Cod, near Boston, Mass., to Key West, Fla. The necessity for this in a commercial way is found from the fact that there is a scarcity of seagoing vessels on account of the European trade; also there is a scarcity of freight cars needed by the railways, thus making the traffic problem a serious one for the South. Craft for these waterways could not only be built at small cost, but can be built in a short time. Another interesting fact brought out at the meeting at Savannah is that the many barges in use on the Erie Canal in New York State during the summer are put out of use in winter because the canal is frozen over. These boats could be used in the South, but for the fact that they cannot go to sea and there is no inland waterway by which they could travel in coming here to help the needy South.

From the standpoint of doing this as a point in preparedness for war was discussed by Admiral A. W. Grant, of the United States navy, who said it was not only a commercial necessity, but an important strategic point in preparedness for self defense in case of war. Other men of National importance who addressed the convention were Secretary Redfield, of the United States Department of Commerce, and Senator Salisbury, of Delaware.

Congressman John H. Small, of Washington, N. C., has the distinction of being the leading in this important movement, and was prominent in the convention in Savannah.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. P. Cox, of Richmond, Va., is spending a few days in the city, visiting friends.

—Messrs. Major A. Garris, of Portsmouth, Va., and E. E. Garris, of Pinner's Point, Va., are visiting friends at Winter Park.

—Mr. August H. Lauman, Jr., of Pittsburgh, Pa., who is associated with the National Motor and Supply Company, of that city, is visiting Mr. Louis Hanson, on South Front street, for a few days.

—The following North Carolinians were registered yesterday at Hotel Wilmington: R. E. Koonce, Jacksonville; E. F. Carter and T. Wilson, Bolton; A. F. Winstead, Elizabeth City; E. F. Capps, Wilson; C. G. Getsinger, Rocky Mount; Rufus Swain, Plymouth; J. M. Dalton, Winston-Salem; T. A. Addington, Ayden.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The regular meeting of Cape Fear Camp, United Confederate Veterans, was held yesterday afternoon at the W. L. I. armory. There was a good attendance and the usual routine business was transacted.

WILL RECEIVE MORE PAY FOR CARRYING THE MAILS

Railroads in "Third Contract Section" to Get $20,073,484.35 a Year

Washington, Nov. 14.—Railroads in the "third contract section" will receive $20,073,484.36 a year for carrying mails during the four years beginning July 1, last, under adjustments announced tonight by the Postoffice Department. This in an increase of more than $4,306,000 over the annual compensation allowed under the adjustment of 1907.

Section three is the largest of the four contract divisions established by the department for convenience and embraces Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Missouri. Mail in the section is carried over 67,375 miles of track by 151 different railroads a daily average of 5,724,348 pounds being hauled by about 4,000 trains.

The adjustment, made in one section each year, is a tremendous task, involving the employment of hundreds of weighers, verifiers and tabulators to establish the average daily weight carried. The job just finished cost $381,948.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN

Tells How to Retard the Infirmities of Old Age.

"I am 77 years old, and for 35 years have worked on the P. C and St. L. R. R. Also a Civil War Veteran. I suffered from a general nervous breakdown and would have such weak, dizzy spells I would have to go to bed for a day at a time. When visiting friends in Bradford, Ohio, an old doctor recommended that I try Vinol. That very day I bought a bottle and continued to take it regularly. It has done me a world of good, built me up so I feel stronger in every way, and have gone back to work again, and I want to recommend Vinol to any old comrade or aged person who needs strength, for it is a grand medicine." W. H. Bowers, Steubenville, Ohio.

The reason Vinol is so beneficial to old people is because it contains the very elements needed to replace declining strength with renewed vigor, viz.: the medicinal elements of fresh cod livers, without oil, peptonate of iron, beef peptone and a mild tonic wine.

We ask every aged person in Wilmington to try Vinol on our offer to return their money if it fails to create strength. Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

FAVORS MOONLIGHT SCHOOLS

Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton Says It's a Step Toward Breaking the Unfair Class Distinction.

"I approve of the principle backing the moonlight schools," said Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James Episcopal church, yesterday morning just before going into his regular sermon to his congregation. "It is a step toward breaking down the unfair class distinction that prevents men from living closer and truer to each other."

Dr. Milton used for his text the fourth and fifth verses of the 12th chapter of Paul's first epistle to the Corinthians, reading "Now there are diversities of gifts, but the same spirit. And there are diversities of workings, but the same God, who worketh all things in all." This, he said, has a similar meaning to the much quoted colloquial expression "It takes all sorts of people to make a world."

The keynote of efficiency and usefulness is harmony, was the explanation, and harmony is based upon fairness. It is not unfair that one man should be of one station and another of another station in life.

The university of the church is designed by the Almighty to meet the needs of all and to be fair to all. While it is impossible for every man to hold certain estates, it is practical and necessary to fairness that every man be given the best opportunities to make the best of the station in which he is placed.

Shakespeare understood this great principle when he represented Polonius advising his son, Laertes, "First to thyself be true and it follows as the night the day that thou canst be false to any man." It is necessary, is the advice of Dr. Milton, that men be fair to each other in every walk of life, in order to be fair to themselves.

The moonlight schools as a bridge between the masses and the classes, is a great step in moral advance. The men who are doing this self-sacrificing, apparently, for men who failed to get educational advantages in their youth, are doing themselves great favors unknowingly.

Memorial at A. M. E. Zion.

Frederick W. Moore, of New York, a personal friend of Booker T. Washington, will lecture tonight at St. Luke's A. M. E. Zion church. He will also hold memorial services to the noted negro educator, whose death occurred yesterday.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

DIED

HARRISON—At her home in Gainesville, Ga., Sunday, November 14, 1915, MRS. W. F. HARRISON.

Funeral announcement later.

(Advertisement.)

Grateful Mothers Tell Experiences

Mrs. T. Neureuer, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough. I recommend it to every one, as we know from our own experience that it is a wonderful remedy for coughs, colds, croup, and whooping cough."

Mrs. D. Gilkeson, Youngstown, O., writes: "My little girl had a severe cold and coughed almost continuously. I tried lots of cough remedies, but she didn't get any better. My sister recommended Foley's Honey and Tar Compound to me. The first dose I gave her relieved the inflammation in her throat, and after using one bottle the cough left her."

This sterling old remedy has been in use for years and is just as efficient for adults as for children. It gives relief for irritated and tickling throat, tight and sore chest, grippe and bronchial coughs.

R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

Pursuant to a power of sale contained in one certain mortgage given by D. M. Beardsley and wife, Sarah E. Beardsley, to H. A. Burr, Jr., on August 13, 1914, and duly recorded in Book 78, page 402, Public Records of New Hanover County, and assigned by the said mortgagee to the Standard Supply Company, default having been made in the payment of the notes secured by said mortgage, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 20th day of December, 1915, at 12:00 o'clock, M., at the Court House door, in Wilmington, North Carolina, offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described pieces, parcels or lots of land, located in Harnett Township, New Hanover County, and bounded and described as follows:

First Tract—Being lot No. 5, Block A, on the Revised Map of Seagate Park, and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the western line of Myrtle Avenue, seven hundred and four (704) feet northwardly from its intersection with the northern line of Bradley's Creek Macadam Road, said point being south 30 degrees west about three hundred and fifty (350) feet from high water mark of west side of Bradley's Creek, runs thence south 30 degrees west and along said western line of Myrtle Avenue fifty-four (54) feet to a point in the northern line of Lot No. six (6) in said Block, runs thence north 61 degrees west and parallel with Bradley's Creek Road one hundred and ninety-three (193) feet and eight (8) inches, thence north 30 degrees east and parallel with Myrtle avenue fifty-four (54) feet; thence south 61 degrees east and parallel with Bradley's Creek Road one hundred and ninety-three (193) feet and eight (8) inches, to the western line of Myrtle Avenue, the beginning.

Second Tract—Being Lot No. 4, Block A, according to Revised Map of Seagate Park, recorded in Book 65, at page 465 of the Records of New Hanover County, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the easterly line of a tract of land now or formerly belonging to Gertrude J. Howell, said point being located north 30 degrees E. 715 feet from the northerly line of Bradley's Creek Road, and running thence north 30 degrees E. 377 feet, more or less, to high water mark, or west side of Bradley's or Lee's Creek; thence in a southeastwardly direction along said high water mark of said creek fifty-eight (58) feet to the northwestern corner of Lot No. 3, in said Block; thence south 30 degrees west along the western line of said Lot No. 3, 362 feet, to the southwest corner of said lot No. 3, and thence north 61 degrees west fifty-two and two-tenths (52.2) feet to the beginning, together with neiessary right of way as granted in deed from A. W. Pate and wife to S. W. Sebrell, dated April 30, 1909, duly recorded in Book 58, at page 268 of the Records of said County.

Said sale being made subject to a first mortgage for approximately $450.00, given by H. A. Burr, Jr., and wife, to the Rural Building and Loan Association and recorded in Book 68, page 572.

This the 15th day of November, 1915.

STANDARD SUPPLY COMPANY,
Assignee of Mortgage.

WOMAN IN BAD CONDITION

Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Montpelier, Vt. — "We have great faith in your remedies. I was very irregular and was tired and sleepy all the time, would have cold chills, and my hands and feet would bloat. My stomach bothered me, I had pain in my side and a bad headache most of the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me lots of good and I now feel fine. I am regular, my stomach is better and my pains have all left me. You can use my name if you like. I am proud of what your remedies have done for me." — Mrs. MARY GAUTHIER, 21 Ridge St., Montpelier, Vt.

An Honest Dependable Medicine

It must be admitted by every fair-minded, intelligent person, that a medicine could not live and grow in popularity for nearly forty years, and to-day hold a record for thousands upon thousands of actual cures, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, without possessing great virtue and actual worth. Such medicines must be looked upon and termed both standard and dependable by every thinking person.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

200 bags Head Rice.

200 bags Rose Rice.

150 bags Broken Rice.

200 bags Coffee.

Complete Line Groceries.

Orders Solicited.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wholesale Grocers.

Perfect Bread
LARABEE'S
BEST
FLOUR

The World's Finest Flour Will Answer Every Purpose

The Flour contained in the bag under Larabee's Best Brand is milled and packed to stand at the head of all wheat flours. We mean by this that we claim that Larabee is not excelled.

The "Mills of Larabee" are situated in the center of the real wheat belt of the world, where it is also conceded that the finest quality of wheat is grown. The wheat that grows more prolific, that grows under the finest conditions, in the most fertile country of our land is milled in probably the most modern mill in existence. Packed with an individual guarantee on every bag to be the kind of flour that will please you. Flour made from Kansas Wheat has more strength, taste, yield, color, expansion (rise).

Are these qualities—in your bread—not worth more to you, Mrs. Housewife?

Ask your grocer about the best flour he has.

Manufactured by
"MILLS OF LARABEE"
Hutchison, Kas.

F. E. HASHAGEN CO,
Distributors for Wilmington, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 394.

Read Star Business Locals.

Visitors to the Corn Show

Are most cordially invited to call and inspect our improved place of business, and we take this opportunity of offering a big reduction in farming implements, buggies, Wagons and Harness.

During the week of the Corn Show only we will offer for sale, for cash, a Three-Horse-Power Gasoline Engine, with a five-year guarantee, for the sum of $55.50; other sizes at proportionate prices.

P. & O. Planters for planting any kind of seed; formerly sold for $18; this week, $10.90.

An eight knife P. & O. Stalk Cutter; former price, $45.00; now, $27.50.

50-Tooth Peg Harrow; regular price, $15.00; this week, $12.00.

Eight-Disc Reversible Harrow; former price, $30.00; now, $25.00.

Steel-Tired Runabout Buggies; former price, $65.00; now, $47.50.

Rubber-Tired Runabout Buggies; former price, $75.00; this week, $59.00.

Top Buggies, steel tired; former price, $75.00; this week, $55.00.

Babcock's Best Top Buggies; steel tired; former price, $100.00; this week, $80.00.

Babcock's Rubber Tired Top Buggies; former price, $135.00; this week, $107.50.

Spring Delivery Wagons; former price, $60.00; this week, $47.50.

Jersey Spring Wagons; former price, $65.00; this week, $52.50.

Heavy Grocery Wagons, $75.00 size; this week, $57.50.

Covered Grocery Wagons; former price, $100.00; this week, $75.00.

All Second-Hand Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Surreys and Harness will sell at One-Fourth Value.

Blind Bridles, for Teams; were, $1.00; now, 59c.

Blind Bridles, for teams; were, $1.50; now, 98 cents.

$2.00 ones, at $1.25.

Buggy Harness; former price, $18.00; for this week, $12.50. Harness that sold for $23.00, now $15.00.

Surrey Harness; former price, $35.00; this week, $21.00.

Double-Team Wagon Harness; former price, $40.00; now, $32.50.

$50.00 Harness, now $35.00.

Riding Saddles at a great reduction.

ALSO MANY OTHER BARGAINS IN THE ENTIRE STOCK, FOR THIS WEEK, INCLUDING HORSES OF ALL KINDS.

SCHLOSS, BEAR & DAVIS CO.

208 AND 210 MARKET STREET.

OPEN TO ALL

The opportunity to obtain property and attain financial success is open to all thrifty people. The savings of the pennies and small change put into this bank soon grows into dollars.

NOVEMBER 1st

Deposits made now and through the 2nd draw interest from the 1st. Your account whether it be small or large will be welcomed here.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front & Chestnut Street Home Bank Building.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

Brick Manufacturers and Building Material

AGENTS FOR

ATLANTA TERRA COTTA CO.
ORNAMENTAL TERRA COTTA.

THE UPSON CO.
The Most Dependable Wall Board on the Market.

GENERAL ROOFING MFG. CO.
High Grade Composition Roofing.

TOCH BROS. Water Proofing Material.

A. D. S. AROMATIC CASCARA

NOT a Patent Medicine, but a Well-Known Preparation of Recognized Merit, put up in a handy package. It's "the same old" Cascara you've taken all along, except that the taste is greatly improved by the use of choice aromatics.

A. D. S. AROMATIC CASCARA is the ideal laxative. Insist on the A. D. S. kind. It is the best. 25 CENTS.

If you prefer a candy laxative (not a liquid) you will find A. D. S. LAX-AID or FRUIT LAX a pleasant and efficacious laxative. 10 and 25 cents sizes.

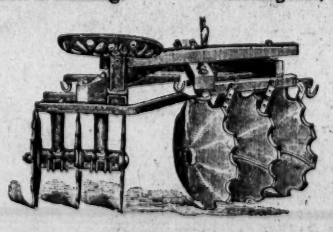
1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915

QUICK AS A WINK DELIVERY.

'PHONE 55. 128 South Front St.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.



Eastern Carolina Distributing Agents for

Clarke Cutaway Harrows

Greatest of All Agricultural Implements.

Genuine Oliver Plows. Stalk Cutters.

Riding Sulky Plows.

We Have the Goods. Can Ship Promptly.

LOOK

Just Received, Solid Car Load of the Latest Model Studebaker Pleasure Cars, both 4- and 6-cylinder, 7-passenger cars. If you have not seen this car, you have not seen your money's worth.

We are also Agents for the Celebrated Hudson car, and PENNSYLVANIA VACUUM CUP TIRES GUARANTEED FOR 6,000 MILES.

We take pleasure in showing our goods in any way. We also have some Overland Cars left.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.

114 NORTH SECOND ST.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

TRADE GENERALLY REVIVING

Astonishing Gain in Bank Clearing —Railroad Earnings Much Larger —Clew's Business Review.

New York, Nov. 14.—Bank clearings last week at principal cities aggregated 4,500,000,000, or 67 per cent. more than a year ago. This is an astonishing gain. The ratio of increase was 108 per cent. at New York, 39 per cent. at Boston, 36 per cent. at Philadelphia, 25 per cent. at Chicago, 47 per cent. at St. Louis, and 57 per cent. at New Orleans. Of course the Stock Exchange, which was closed a year ago, had much to do with swelling the total in this city. But outside of New York, where financial operations were more nearly on a normal scale, the gains were also impressively large and proved conclusively a wide-spread business expansion. The returns for the month of October were equally significant; the total being 20,000,000,000, against $11,700,000,000 a year ago. Here was an increase of over 70 per cent. at all cities; New York showing a gain of 127 per cent. and all other cities a growth of 20 per cent.

So much for bank clearings as evidence of trade revival. What about railroad earnings? In the third week of October 32 roads reported, earnings of $14,300,000, an increase of $2,100,000, or over $17 per cent. Previous to October, the railroads had been reporting more or less serious losses, but these diminished sharply during September and tuned into steadily increasing gains in October. The latest returns are even more encouraging, many of the big trunk lines both east and west showing very handsome recoveries, particularly such roads as Burlington, New York Central, Pennsylvania, Canadian Pacific and others. Bigger tonnage, better rates and lower expenses mean good net results. The number of idle cars November 1 was only 26,000, compared with 170,000 a year ago.

The iron trade continues to furnish examples of unprecedented activity. Since the first of September orders for over 1,000,000 tons of rails have been placed, about 550 locomotives and more than 45,000 cars. This only represents a portion of the new activity in the steel trade as some of the railroads are building considerable equipment on their own account, and the steel companies have received large orders for outside construction work; not to mention munition orders. The report of unfilled tonnage issued by the United States Steel Corporation, which is running nearly 100 per cent. capacity, surpassed all expectations; showing an increase of 847,000 tons, as compared with the amount of business on the books in the previous month. Prices for steel are steadily advancing, and this industry is now enjoying a period of prosperity which in some respects surpasses all others on record. The facts just cited prove industrial revival, based as stated in our previous advices upon big crops, abundant money and foreign munition orders. This activity is already spreading to various branches of trade. The textile industries show a healthy tone, interior merchants having been often caught with comparatively empty shelves, which are now being replenished. Labor is well employed and generally at good wages.

On the Stock Exchange speculation slowed down somewhat; the rapid advance of the last few weeks having induced moderate realizing and a temporary reaction. More or less foreign selling was detected at the higher prices, and the decline was further accelerated by operations of a local bear clique. The weaker shares were the war industrials, from which attention has been wisely diverted to the more substantial railroad and industrial securities. Liquidation, however, appeared to have no serious effect upon the market, and on the decline there was good buying for all the more desirable issues, indicating a good undertone. The war still has a powerful indirect effect upon this market. During the past week war developments have not been of a very encouraging nature, since they suggested a prolongation rather than a shortening of the struggle. The possibility of further friction with the Central Powers over the conduct of marine warfare also exerted an unsettling effect. The continued withdrawal of ocean tonnage for war purposes is having a tendency to restrain exports, the result being less pressure of commercial bills and an increased firmness in foreign exchainge. The situation of the latter was favorably affected by the successful negotiations for establishing British credits to the extent of $50,000,000 or more with New York banks.

As for the future of the market, while reactions such as those witnessed during the last few days are probable and necessary, the forward movement does not seem to have reached its climax. Of course, there will be an end to the present rise, but that end is not yet in sight. The impetus of big crops has by no means spent its force; nor is there anything to counteract the latter except unfavorable developments growing out of the war. Another very powerful factor is the inflationary effect of our huge gold supply, and the operation of the new Federal reserve system; both of which have laid the basis for a tremendous expansion of credit. The Allies are bound to continue coming here for a large portion of their supplies, and having less merchandise to send in payment, they must continue to ship gold as freely as possible, buying on credit what they cannot pay for in merchandise. Of course, this imposes a heavy strain upon the Allies which cannot last indefinitely; but their resources do not yet appear to have been overstrained. When the war ends there will be some big work to do in financial remobilization, and the ability of our financial leaders will be taxed quite as severely as when the war began. But fortunately there will be ample warning of any peace movement, and many vague rumors must be expected before genuine steps are taken. Moreover, a prolonged period of negotiation will be inevitable before disarmament becomes a fact. Many months may easily pass before the millions of men now engaged in mutual destruction can possibly return to productive labor.

In about three weeks Congress will open and a new set of issues will be pressed upon public attention. The attacks upon capital which have continued for over twenty years, have about spent their force. Many of the old abuses have been practically eliminated, and this form of political enterprise is rapidly going out of fashion, particularly since its injurious effects became so apparent to all concerned.

The war will undoubtedly make a strong impression upon our political life. Efforts will probably be made for readjustment of the tariff, especially where public revenue has been affected by curtailment of importations. Shipping will come in for a large share of attention, our dependence upon foreign ships for passengers and freight being particularly humiliating to our national pride and detrimental to our commercial interests. The problem of preparedness will also figure very prominently in public affairs. This is an entirely new issue and one demanding a prompt and satisfactory solution. The early opening of Congress and recent developments in the war fully account for this week's setback.

HENRY CLEWS.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW

Surface Conditions of Stocks Fair But the Undertone Suggested Heaviness or Irregularity.

New York, Nov. 14.—Surface conditions indicated a fair degree of strength in the stock market for the greater part of last week, but occasionally the undertone suggested heaviness or at least irregularity. This uncertain tendency applied more especially to investment stocks, in which considerable foreign selling was encountered.

What the railways lacked in stability was neutralized by the renewed strength of various industrials and coppers. United States Steel at 88 3-8, duplicated its highest price of recent years, Anaconda Copper at 88, made a new record, and American Smelting, which almost rivalled Steel in activity, rose ten points to 101 3-8, its maximum quotation since 1909-1910.

Steel's rise was a logical response to the remarkable October tonnage statement the flood tide of trade prosperity. High prices for copper, lead and bi-products testified to the very satisfactory state of those industries.

The midweek recession in war shares, some of which declined violently, opened the way to further discussion of intrinsic values, but their quick rebound pointed to rather conclusively to the over-extension of speculative accounts. The week closed with numerous additional rumors and conjecture regarding new deals among the industrial and equipment companies engaged in profitable contracts.

General Business conditions show variable betterment. Bank clearings are piling up. As yet the mercantile demand for money is moderate.

Exports are assuming such tremendous volume as to cause a revision of all recent "trade balance" estimates.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Jamestown, Capt. Hart, New York, G. J. Becker, agent.

Str. Berkshire, Capt. Hudgins, Baltimore, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.

Str. Matilda Weems, Capt. Hall, Baltimore, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Keil (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

Str. Moorby (Br.), 1,673 tons, Davies, Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

Str. Milton (Br.), 2,094 tons, Williams, Henry Whyte, agent.

Str. Alcana (Ital.), 2,246 tons, Gazzolo, Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Nov. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market, firm. Fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 80c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, weaker. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts — New crop, firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, 80c.; Jumbos, 75c. per bushel.

All receipts light.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Nov. 14.)

CORN—$2.20 per sack.

IRISH POTATOES—80c to 90c.

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 45c to 50c per bushel.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10@11c. per pound.

SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c.; lambs, 3@5c. lb.

WOOL—Burry, 19 to 23c.; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.; fine, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c.; dry flint, 17@20c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb. Good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 60c; spring, 15@35c per head; good demand. Turkeys, out of season.

EGGS—24c to 25c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Nov. 14.—Spanish: Farmers' stock: Old peanuts, first quality, 80c. per bu.; old, damaged, 40c to 50c. per bu.; new, dry and clean, 90c. per bu; new, green and dirty, 50c to 75c per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock: Old peanuts, Fancy Jumbo, 3¼c. per lb.; old, extra prime, 3c. per lb.; old, shelling stolk, 2½c. per lb.; new fancy Jumbo, 3¼c. per lb.; new, extra prime, 3c. per lb.; new, prime, 2¾c. per lb.; new, shelling stock, 2½c. per lb.

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 14.—A representative of the New York Herald, said to be Don Martin, political writer, has been in this congressional district the past two or three days to determine sentiment in Congressman Claude Kitchin's home district on the President's defense policy, which Kitchin thinks is too drastic. Martin, as the newspaperman admits his name to be, was to try to get an audience with Mr. Kitchin today. The New York man declared sentiment was even stronger in the district for "adequate" defense than he had expected to find it.

COTTON GINNED BY COUNTIES

Only About 20,000 Bales in State Below the Ginning to Nov. 1st, Last Year

Washington, D. C., Nov. 14.—Sam L. Rogers, director of the census, Department of Commerce, announces the preliminary report of cotton ginned by counties in North Carolina, for the crops of 1915 and 1914, showing a total of 405,298 bales for 1915 against 427,949 bales to November 1st, last year. The report was made public for the State at 10 a. m., on November 8th. The quantities are in running bales, counting round as half bales, linters not being included. The ginning by counties is as follows:

Counties	1915	1914
Alexander	331	439
Anson	16,394	14,766
Beaufort	5,110	4,310
Bertie	4,337	3,736
Bladen	5,731	5,399
Cabarrus	6,226	7,447
Camden	1,664	2,380
Catawba	2,061	2,990
Chatham	3,071	3,550
Chowan	2,474	2,676
Cleveland	11,744	12,797
Columbus	5,459	5,269
Craven	3,297	2,105
Cumberland	11,137	14,830
Davidson	251	449
Davie	274	234
Duplin	5,961	5,655
Durham	259	306
Edgecombe	12,188	9,926
Franklin	6,896	5,968
Gaston	3,740	4,138
Gates	2,045	1,924
Greene	5,245	3,657
Halifax	11,678	12,588
Harnett	11,080	15,551
Hertford	1,296	1,329
Hoke	9,037	10,432
Iredell	3,158	4,115
Johnston	21,247	26,078
Jones	3,691	2,699
Lee	3,250	4,101
Lenoir	6,930	5,038
Lincoln	2,515	3,513
Martin	3,919	2,749
Mecklenburg	11,846	12,460
Montgomery	2,202	2,230
Moore	1,503	1,820
Nash	10,885	9,590
Northampton	6,322	7,783
Onslow	3,210	2,049
Orange	230	302
Pamlico	3,683	3,010
Pasquotank	2,196	2,835
Perquimans	3,682	3,829
Pitt	11,429	5,827
Polk	703	791
Richmond	9,970	10,531
Robeson	34,036	40,612
Rowan	2,174	3,911
Rutherford	5,174	6,741
Sampson	13,083	14,915
Scotland	21,123	23,134
Stanly	4,046	3,776
Union	16,256	15,597
Vance	1,874	1,727
Wake	12,892	14,428
Warren	5,349	5,584
Washington	1,566	1,385
Wayne	15,201	16,542
Wilson	10,665	10,237
All others	3,753	3,094

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Prices on Market During Week Gained 23 to 28 Points.

New Orleans, Nov. 14.—The net change last week in the cotton market amounted to a gain of 23 to 28 points. Prices ranged over about a half a cent a pound, being depressed a dollar a bale early in the wek by large crop estimates and recovering later on threatened unfavorable weather.

During the greater part of the week the trade was occupied in trying to discount weather conditions. A wet freeze was continually expected as the result of disturbances crossing the country and the cold waves which followed them. At once time it was expected that there would be killing frosts in a large part of the belt, but the cold weather did not strike far enough South and it appears as if damage through low temperatures has been confined chiefly to Oklahoma.

The crop estimates of the week ranged from a little under 12,000,00 bales including linters, to nearly 13,000,000. It cannot be said that they had any permanent effect on the minds of traders, since at the end of the week opinion was as varied on the yield as ever.

This coming week the trade will do much speculating over ginning returns. The next ginning report will be issued by the census bureau November 23 and it will carry the crop down to yesterday. This report is expected to be one of the most important of this season because of the light it will throw on the size of the crop. Until this report is out of the way, other features probably will not have the influence they usually would.

EMPEROR THANKS WILSON

Hopes Good Relations Between Two Countries Will Continue.

Washington, Nov. 14.—President Wilson has received a message from the Emperor of Japan, thanking him for congratulations on the accession of the emperor to the throne and expressing the hope that the good relations between the two countries may continue. The emperor's message follows:

"I sincerely thank you for the kind congratulations on the ceremonies of my accession to the throne. At the same time I reciprocate my best wishes for your personal welfare and the invariability of the friendship which is united by the bond of amicable relations subsisting between our two countries."

The President had sent a message to the emperor earlier, wishing him a long and nappy reign.

BUYING FINE TOBACCOS

Cortez Cigar Co. Taking Pick of This Year's Offerings.

(The "Tobacco Leaf.")

Vivian M. Myers returned a few days ago to Key West after completing his purchases for the Cortez Cigar Company. foremost among his purchases was the Manuel Valle vega or Saavedra, as it is sometimes called. This is a very famous vega of the lowland section of Vuelta Abako. It is situated in the heart of the San Juan Martinez section, and it was this vega with which Manuel Valle, founder of the Flor de Cuba factory, used to form the basis for the blend of his brand years ago. After his death, the plantation passed into the hands of the late Casiniro Heres, and Mrs. Heres is the present owner. The farm in a normal year produces about 1,000 bales, which almost every year go into one of the leading Havana factories. Very seldom has such a vega been exported.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

November 15, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 51 degrees; at 8 P. M., 67 degrees; maximum, 71 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees; mean, 60 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .05 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .05 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday 2.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Rain and colder Monday; Tuesday fair and much colder.

The Port Calendar, Nov. 15, 1915.

Sun rises .....6:45 A. M.
Sun sets .....5:08 P. M.
Day's length .....10 hrs. 25 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	4:36	5:12	11:53	12:00
Southport	2:39	3:03	8:48	9:23
Masonboro Inl	2:28	2:52	8:28	9:03

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

November 14, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 7 p.m.
Abilene	clear	50	38	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	64	44	.06
Atlanta	rdy	70	50	.02
Atlanta	rdy	70	50	.02
Augusta	clear	72	52	.0
Augusta	clear	72	52	.0
Birmingh	cldy	78	54	.0
Boston	cldy	50	—	.0
Charleston	clear	76	56	.0
Charlotte	mist	56	42	.30
Chicago	cldy	44	—	.0
Galveston	cldy	80	74	.32
Jacksonv	cldy	80	66	.0
Memphis	rain	50	—	3.76
Mobile	clear	78	72	.0
Montgom'y	cldy	80	58	.0
New Orl	pt cldy	84	70	.04
New York	rain	50	—	.20
Oklahoma	clear	46	—	.0
Palestine	clear	68	56	1.12
Pittsburg	rain	50	—	.20
Raleigh	cldy	52	44	.22
Savannah	clear	80	60	.0
Shreveport	cldy	60	—	1.04
St. Louis	clear	44	—	.0
Washing'n	rain	46	—	.20

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Effective June 9th, 1915.

No. 13—4:00 P. M. THROUGH STEEL SLEEPER BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA—THROUGH PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North, South and West.

No. 19—1:00 A. M.—THROUGH SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE—Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers. Train for Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North and West.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Bldg, Wilmington; 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, H. E. PLEASANTS,
C. T. A. T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION San Francisco, California. VERY LOW ROUND TRIP FARES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY Premier Carrier of the South. DATES OF SALE March 1st to November 30th, 1915.

Final return limit will be three (3) months from date of sale, not to exceed December 31st, 1915.

Low round trip fares apply as follows:

Raleigh, N. C. $87.95
Durham, N. C. 86.95
Burlington, N. C. 85.35
Chapel Hill, N. C. 86.95
Oxford, N. C. 87.25
Goldsboro, N. C. 90.29
Selma, N. C. 89.35

Fares from all other points on same basis.

Fares for tickets routed one way via Portland, Seattle or Victoria at higher rates.

Stop-overs will be permitted on both going and return trip at any point within limit of ticket.

The Southern Railway can give you choice of several scenic routes from which to select, going one way and returning another; also free side trips are included from several points. Through connections and good train service via Memphis, St. Louis, Chicago and New Orleans. Through Tourist car from Washington, D. C., to San Francisco, daily, via New Orleans andthe Sunset Route.

Let us help you plan your trip, make your Pullman reservations, etc.

For further information, call on any Southern Railway Agent, or write.

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
mh29-m,sa-tf Raleigh, N. C.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS RUNNING EVERY DAY TO ATLANTA.

Lv. Wilmington .....8:45 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta .....6:05 A. M.

Connects in Union Depot with the "Dixie Flyer," leaving 8:15 A. M. for Chicago and St. Louis, via Chattanooga and Nashville, and with the "South Atlantic Limited," leaving 7:12 A. M., for Cincinnati, Louisville and Indianapolis, via Knoxville.

TO WASHINGTON AND NORFOLK:

Lv. Wilmington .....6:45 P. M.
Ar. Norfolk .....7:35 A. M.
Ar. Washington .....7:50 A. M.
Ar. New York .....1:40 P. M.

Broiler-Buffet service to Washington. Dining Cars thence to New York.

'PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTA, GA., —via— SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY The Progressive Railway of the South. Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington .....4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .....7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.,
Wilmington, N. C.

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

$121.00 PER SHARE

BUYS 20 SHARES GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO. STOCK, which pays 8 per cent dividend, payable semi-annually, January and July. Nearly 3 per cent already earned on this stock. Book value, about 140.

$95.00 PER SHARE

BUYS 5 SHARES ARCTIC ICE & COAL CO. 7 PER CENT PREFERRED STOCK. A large, well-managed, prosperous Company. Pays 7 per cent and no taxes. The best paying investment we have to offer.

First come, first served, and the balance go without, or pay higher prices.

WE WANT:

Southern Underwriters' stock.
North Carolina 4 per cent and 6 per cent Bonds.
Dixie Fire Insurance Co. stock.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

$7.20 Richmond Norfolk $7.20

FOOT BALL GAMES

For the Annual Football Games, Thursday, November 25, U. N. C. vs. U. V., at Richmond, and A. & M. vs. W. & L., at Norfolk, the Atlantic Coast Line will sell excursion tickets from Wilmington to Richmond and Norfolk at $7.20 for the round trip. Tickets will be sold for all trains on November 24th; limited returning to midnight of November 27th, 1915. Proportionately low fares will be made from all intermediate stations.

For schedules and further information,

'PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares. —from— WILMINGTON

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. $90.20
On sale until November 30th, limited 3 months, not to exceed Dec. 31st, 1915.

DURHAM, N. C. $5.00
On sale November 14, 15, 16 and 17, limited returning November 20.

RICHMOND, VA $7.20

NORFOLK, VA $7.20
Account Football games. On sale Nov. 24; limited Nov. 27.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.20
On sale November 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26, limited returning November 28.

CHARLESTON, S. C. $7.35
On sale Dec. 11, 12 and 13; limited returning December 22.

For schedules, reservations, etc,

'PHONE 160.
The Standard Railroad of the South.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
my13-th,sa,m-tf

SOUTHERN RAILWAY NEW TRAINS 31 AND 32 between AUGUSTA AND NEW YORK.

The Southern Railway inaugurated new trains effective Sunday, Oct. 24th, between Augusta, Columbia, Charlotte and Greensboro, to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, on fast and convenient schedule. New train No. 32, northbound, will pass Greensboro at 10:25 P. M., arrive Washington, D. C. 7:00 A. M., New York, 12:57 P. M. New train No. 31, southbound, will pass Greensboro at 3:35 A. M.

This new train service should be particularly advantageous to patrons from Raleigh, Durham, Burlington and all intermediate points, going to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Northern cities, as train No. 131, from Raleigh to Greensboro, will connect with this new train northbound.

This elegant new train will consist of all steel electric lighted equipment, carrying Pullman sleeping cars, dining cars and day coaches to Washington and New York.

For Pullman Reservations, information, etc., call on any Southern Railway Ticket Agent, or communicate with

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
305 Fayetteville Street,
oc28-20t Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of and pursuant to a decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, sitting in bankruptcy, in a cause therein pending entitled "In the Matter of G. Henry Haar, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy," the undersigned duly elected Trustee in Bankruptcy will on Monday, the 29th day of November, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in New Hanover County, offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder, those certain tracts or parcels of land situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

FIRST TRACT.

Beginning at a point in the Northern line of Pender Ave., 82 ft. 6 in. East from the Northeast intersection of Pender Ave. and 20th Street and running thence North parallel to 20th Street 113 ft. to an alley; thence East parallel to Pender Ave. 49 ft. 6 in.; thence South parallel to 20th Street 113 ft. to the Northern line of Pender Ave.; thence West along Pender Ave. 49 ft. 6 in. to the beginning. Being all of Lot 9, and East half of Lot 10, in Block 21, according to the map of Carolina Place, which map is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, in Book 48, at page 180.

SECOND TRACT.

Beginning at a point in the Northern line of Princess Street 99 ft. East from the Northeast intersection of 16th and Princess Streets, and running thence North parallel to 16th Street 165 ft. to a ten foot alley; thence East parallel to Princess Street 33 ft.; thence South parallel to 16th Street 165 ft. to the Northern line of Princess Street; thence West along Princess Street 33 ft. to the beginning. Being part of Lots 3, 4 and 5, in Block 481, according to the official plan of Wilmington.

THIRD TRACT.

All of the right, title and interest of said Trustee in and to the following tract:

Beginning at a point in the Western line of Fifth Street 104 ft. South from its intersection with the Southern line of Nun Street, and running thence westwardly parallel to Nun Street 165 ft.; thence Southwardly parallel to Fifth Street 28 ft.; thence eastwardly parallel to Nun Street 165 ft. to the Western line of Fifth Street; thence Northwardly along the Western line of Fifth Street 28 ft. to the beginning, together with the right to use in common with the owner of the lot immediately North of this tract an alley 10 ft. in width and extending in depth 165 ft. This tract is subject to a mortgage to Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association for $1,000, and to a mortgage to Mary E. Sweeney for $750, and to the Homestead allotment of said G. Henry Haar as the same are recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County.

The second tract above described is subject to a mortgage to Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association of $600, as the same is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County.

This sale is made subject to confirmation by the Court. The bidding on the tract first above described will begin at $355.50. The bidding on the tract second above described will begin at $1,141.25.

FRANK HERBST,
Trustee.

Dated this October 27th, 1915.
Robert Ruark, Attorney for Trustee.
oc28-30d

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY Between Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Office and Piers, foot Grace Street. Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street.
Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent.
Baltimore, Md.

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Oct. 31, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Soutnern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 61. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to recieve outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 60. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs and Sat. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Tues., Thurs and Sat. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 63. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 62. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 67. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 66. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. 12:50 P.M. Daily
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave... Front and for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	ae1:10 P. M.	a2:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	af1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a2:36 P. M.	a2:25 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P.M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	e6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	f7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P.M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sund y afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Jamestown, Mon., Nov. 15th
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., Nov. 22nd

Wilmington—New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Nov. 13th
Steamship Jamestown, Sat., Nov. 20th

Steamship Jamestown DOES NOT carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. $90.20
On sale until November 30th, limited 3 months, not to exceed Dec. 31st, 1915.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.20
On sale November 22nd to 26th, limited returning midnight, November 28th.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the Estate of Geo. W. Kidder, deceased, I hereby notify all parties owing said estate to make immediate payment and those holding claims against said estate will present same on or before the 12th day of November, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

GEO. E. KIDDER,
Nov. 12th,

AMERICAN OFFICIALS BECOME UNEASY OVER THE ANCONA INCIDENT

(Continued from Page One.)

sufficient to save several of the passengers, remained unoccupied.

"After a period of fifty minutes and as another steamer was approaching, the submarine submerged and torpedoed the Ancona which sank after an additional 45 minutes.

"If any of the passengers lost their lives this was due to the fault of the crew because the steamer tried to escape after it had received orders to stop and then the crew only saved themselves and not the passengers.

"Reports published in the foreign press that the submarine fired on the Ancona's life boats are mendacious inventions. When the steamer stopped the submarine ceased firing."

ONLY ONE AMERICAN SAVED

Ten Were Passengers on the Ancona, Says Rome Report.

Rome, Nov. 14.—Of ten Americans on the Italian steamship Ancona when she was sunk by a submarine off the Tunisian coast, only one was saved, according to a statement issued today by the Italian emigration office. The statement also says that out of 507 passengers and crew of the Ancona only 294 were saved.

RANGE BY RANGE THE SERBIANS FALL BACK BEFORE THE TEUTONS

(Continued From Page One).

of soldiers who have died on the battlefield, said, according to the Overseas News Agency: "It is a new proof of the patriotic mind. It is worthy of the great name of Krupp whose fame as Germany's first armorer is brightened by splendid initiative in social welfare and this willingness to make sacrifices."

ALLIES SUFFER HEAVILY

Reports Say Bulgars Have Gained Nearly All Their Ends.

Berlin, (via Sayville, N. Y.), Nov. 14.—Reports from Sofia to the Lokal Anzeiger, says the Overseas News Agency, declare that up to the present the Bulgarian troops have been on the defensive against the forces of the Entente Powers and that the latter have suffered heavy losses.

"The opinion is prevalent in the Bulgarian capital," says the correspondent, "that Macedonia will be another Gallipoli for the Anglo-French army.

"Bulgaria," the Overseas News Agency, quotes the correspondent as saying, "has now gained nearly all her ends and is not thinking of more conquests."

NO DISQUIETUDE CAUSED

Because of Possible Retreat of Serbians Over Greek Soil

London, Nov. 14.—An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, says:

"The possible retreat of the Serbian forces over Greek territory is causing no disquietude in official circles today, according to the newspaper Embros, as such an event would be unlikely to strain the relations existing between Greece and the Entente Powers. At the present time the movements of the Serbian army do not indicate that such an eventuality is close at hand."

GENERAL RUZSKY CONFIDENT

Need Fear No Surprises From the Austro-Germans, He Says.

Petrograd, via London, November 15.—General Ruzsky, who is conducting an aggressive campaign against the Austro-Germans in Russia, in an interview published in the Bourse Gazette, spoke confidently of conditions at the front. He said:

"Without indulging in prophecy, would be imprudent, I may say that we are now guaranteed against unpleasant surprises by the enemy. The time for surprises is past but it would be irresponsible frivolity to describe the enemy as exhausted or in the death throes. On the contrary he is strong, but not so strong that we need fear surprises neither here or on the western front.

"By not advancing, the enemy is really retreating. The Germans now surrendering readily, in whole companies and battalions and this, in my opinion is an ominous sign. Their men are worn out by privations, cold and the spectre of winter, and, instead of their former self confidence, show depression."

General Ruzsky said he considered the Balkan campaign merely an episode of secondary importance.

"It is not there," he declared, "that the fate of nations will be decided."

SERBS CAPTURE TETOVO

May Have Important Bearing on Further Developments.

London, Nov. 14.—A dispatch to Reuters from Saloniki says:

"The fighting yesterday between the Serbians and Bulgarians in the region of Tetovo resulted in a success for the Serbians who occupied the town of Tetovo, capturing one gun and a quantity of stores.

"Tetovo is a point of some importance which may have a bearing on further developments in that quarter. The Serbian successes cannot fail to have an influence on the position at Katchanik pass.

"A Bulgarian attack on the left bank of the Ornaya river was repulsed with heavy loses. Toward the south in the Valandovo region the French captured sevral trenches."

BULGARS HARD PRESSED

Fall of the Town of Veles to Anglo-French is Imminent.

Paris, Nov. 14.—The Serbian legation here today made public the following official communication:

"Although Veles is not yet in the hands of the French and British trops, the Bulgarians are hard pressed and the fall of the town is imminent. The Bulgarians in the region of Veles have suffered enormous losses and have requested an armistice to bury their dead."

PLANTING OF SACRED RICE AT CORONATION

(Continued from Page One.)

by ritualists and the chief ritualists read a Shinto prayer before the altar. The chief of the coronation committee handed a case containing paper on which was inscribed the names of the prefectures of the Yuki and Suki districts to Count Toda, grand master of ceremonies, who passed to Chief Ritualist Prince Iwakura. The chief ritualist ordered the rites of divination to be commenced. Prince Kujo, vice-chief ritualist, asked the deities to descend, receive the food offering presented in their honor, and assist in the divination for the sacred fields.

A sacred fire was made and two pieces of polished tortoise shell, one for the Yuki district and the other for the Suki, were held up over the flames of the burning hibaka tree. When the tortoise shells cracked with the heat they were handed to the chief of the coronation committee. The ceremony was conducd amid the most profound silence. The chief ritualist saw that divine choice had fallen on the prefecture of Aichi, in the Yuki district, and the prefecture of Kawaga, in the Suki region. The result was reported to Prince Fushimi, president of the coronation board, and was submitted to the emperor for sanction.

One koku, or about five bushels of rice, was taken from each field. Extraordinary care was observed in the cultivation. The area used for the cultivation of the plant was about an acre or more in each field, and each plantation was enclosed with a row of 33 trees, graduated with ropes of straw.

The rice sprouts wer planted by virgins in fulfilment of sacred traditions. The fields were guarded day and night.

The men who weeded the fields and drove away hungry birds during the growth and ripening of the plants were purified daily. The plucking of the ears of the matured rice plants, that is, the harvesting of the sacred rice, was attended by ceremonials dictated by ancient practice and rigidly observed from times immemorial. Imperial messengers were sent to the fields, and those participating wore flowing robes and red lacquered footgear. First of all they cleansed their bodies on the bank of the neighboring river, and then they formed a procession to the rice fields. Ears were plucked for two different purposes, one for preparing rice for the Yuki ceremony, to be performed at the Yuki hall, and the other for distilling black and white sake wine used for the ceremony at the Suki hall. The separate portions of rice were placed in a basket over which a branch of the sakaki tree was laid, while twisted reeds were used as a cover. The basket was then carried to Kioto in a cremonial procession, called "the procession of the sacred rice."

PRIEST'S BODY IS FOUND

Believed Father Favard, of Norfolk, Va., Drowned Himself.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 14.—The body of Father Benoit F. Favard, the priest who mysteriously disappeared from St. Joseph's colored Catholic school on the morning of November 5th, was found floating on the Elizabeth river this morning in a partly decomposed condition. There were no marks of violence on the body, and it is believed that he committed suicide by drowning while temporarily insane.

Father Favard was a native of France and had been ill for several weeks. He had also brooded much over the great loss of life among his people in the European war, and this, together with his illness, is thought to have caused temporary insanity.

Menominee, Man., Nov. 14. — The small freighter Star Light was burned today while 14 miles from this port. Finding that the flames were beyond their control, the crew of three launched a life boat, which later capsized. The men swam to safety, but suffered severely before reaching shelter. The value of the vessel and cargo was but small.

"DISLOYAL" TO THE PRESIDENT, LOSES JOB IN POST OFFICE

(Continued From Page One.)

M. Kloepfer who wrote Burkitt a note giving as a reason "your disloyalty to the President and the very unsatisfactory service which you have been rendering, as evidenced by the demerits which have from time to time been imposed upon you, and numerous other acts of which you are fully aware."

Mr. Burkitt, in making public today the letters exchanged between himself and the postmaster and with Assistant Postmaster General Roper, said that there had been no demerits against him. He said there had been two conversations in the postoffice at Winnetka about the President's betrothal. In one all the clerks were talking of the affair, he said, and several had expressed opinions.

The Remarks Made.

Burkitt said that later a man came in and remarked that the President was going to be married and added, "didn't wait long, did he?" Burkitt said he replied "Hardly a year," or something of the kind, adding "It seems to me that a man ought to wait at least a year before remarrying, and I don't see why the President should be any exception."

Burkitt said that in both instances he made the remarks casually and meant no disrespect to the President. The only persons who overheard the second conversation besides the speakers, Burkitt said, was Postmaster Kleopfer's brother, who later was appointed to Burkitt's position. Burkitt said that Mr. Kleopfer had made efforts to get back the correspondence in the case.

Department Upheld Discharge.

Postmaster Kloepfer said today that the discharge had been in conformity with the civil service rules and that the department at Washington had upheld the discharge of Burkitt.

The letter of Assistant Postmaster General Roper refusing to reopen the case was given out by Burkitt as follows:

"With reference to your letter of the 6th inst., relative to your removal from the position of assistant postmaster in the postoffice at Winnetka, Ill., and stating that you had never been furnished with a copy of the charges preferred against you, you inferred that a letter from the Postmaster General dated October 20, 1915, calling upon you to submit a written statement quoting the exact language used by you concerning the President's engagement, and your reply of the same date, constitute a compliance with the provisions of section 29, Postal Laws and Regulations.

"The papers in your case were very carefully reviewed before final action was taken. Favorable consideration, therefore, cannot be given your request that the matter be made the subject of a special investigation by a postoffice inspector."

CHILD LOST ON STREETS

Judge Connor Encounters Tragedy at Kinston, Says Story.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 14.—Judge Geo. W. Connor, who is presiding over civil court here, encountered a child's tragedy while driving around the city in his automobile, according to a story that is told at the court house. Judge Connor saw a little girl in great distress, crying like her heart would break. A school teacher had discovered the little one, who had not the slightest idea of where she was nor what was goingto become of her in a street filled with dozens of automobiles, and carried her to place of safety on the sidewalk. It developed that the child had become separated from older brothers, who were not to be located. Judge Cnonor set about to learn her identity, bundled her up in the seat beside him, and drove her several miles to the home of Enet Lee, whose child she proved to be.

ARREDONDO RETURNS.

Visited Carranza and With Him Made Tour of Northern Mexico.

New York, Nov. 14. — General Carranza is fast restoring order throughout Mexico, and is confident that he will soon conquer Villa and Zapata, according to Eliseo Arredondo, confidential agent of the Constituionalist government in this country, who arrived here today from a visit to the first chief, whom he accompanied on a tour of the northern part of Mexico. After a brief stay here, Mr. Arredondo plans to return to Washington to resume his duties.

"General Carranza will reach Mexico City at the end of this month, and then begin to organize his cabinet and make the necessary government appointments," said Mr. Arredondo.

"General Carranza is confident," Mr. Arredondo continued, "that he has the military situation well in hand. He has appointed men of military ability to cope with the lawlessness on the border and feels that they will be able to protect Mexicans as well as Americans from the dangers of bandits.

"It is but a question of a few weeks when General Villa will be conquered. To this end General Djeguez is marching with 8,000 men from Hermosillo, while General Calles, with 9,000, is well fortified in Agua Prieta. On side of Mexico City the forces of General Zapata are surrendering daily by the hundreds, so that he is absolutely of no military significance at present.

"Villa troops also are fast rejoining the ranks of the Constitutionalists, indicating that the Mexican people realize that the Carranza government stand for the highest ideals of democracy and independence of Mexico."

CHURCHILL'S RESIGNATION IS LAUDED BY BRITISH PRESS

Take View He Was Justified in Quitting the Cabinet.

London, Nov. 15.—Laudatory editorials appear in some of the London morning papers justifying Winston Spencer Churchill in quitting the cabinet under the circumstance which he has already indicated. The Daily Mail asks whether Mr Churchill was really responsible for the unfortunate Dardanelles miscarriage, and says that he leaves office with which goes good wishes of every one in the country.

Other papers, not friendly toward Mr. Churchill, also are asking whether Mr. Churchill's plans in the Dardanelles, and the other undertakings for which he was supposed to be responsible, failed of their object through delays or mismanagement in their execution on account of other personages in the government or administration.

Lord Roseberry writes to The Times advocating that the government should take advantage of Mr. Churchill's "regrettable resignation" to take into the cabinet some non-political man of business "if only for the purpose of retrenchment and to supply sorely needed new blood."

The Morning Post strongly advocates the formation of an official opposition in parliament to force upon the government improvement in the conduct of affairs.

WILL CONSIDED RIGHTS OF JEWS IN EUROPEAN NATIONS

American Jewish Committee Votes to Call a Conference

New York, Nov. 14.—The American Jewish Committee at its ninth annual meeting today, voted to call a conference for the purpose of considering the rights of the Jews in belligerent lands and Rumania. This conference, according to a resolution adopted after several hours of discussion, is to take steps to call a congress on a "democratic basis as such time after the termination of hostilities, place, and in such a manner as it may seem best, to secure these rights."

The committee in its report declared that the sufferings of the Jews in the present war surpass any in the history of the race, and the wrongs they have endured are almost irreparable.

The following officers were elected for one year:

Louis Marshall, president; Judge Julian W. Mack and Prof. Jacob H. Holland, vice-presidents, and Isaac W. Bernheim, treasurer. Jacob H. Schiff, Dr. L. Magnes and Judge Mack were elected to the executive committee for three years.

TWO AMERICAN SURVIVORS.

Mr. Page Learns Eleven Americans Were Aboard the Anconn.

Rome, Nov. 13. (Via Paris, Nov. 14.)—So far as Thomas Nelson Page, the American ambassador, has been able to ascertain from the official reports received through the Italian government and from the British consuls at Bizerta and Tunis, the following American citizens were on the Ancona:

Dr. Cecile L. Greil, Alexander Patativo and his wife and four children; Mrs. Francesco Mascolo Lamura, Pasquale Laurino and Giuseppe Torrisi and his wife. Of these only Mrs. Griel and Torrisi are among the survivors. The opinion is expressed here that it was the same submarine, proceeding from Gibraltar or from the Agean Sea which first sank the Ancona and then the steamer Firenze. All the reports agree that the submarine was a very large one—about 200 feet long.

It has been decided that the survivors of the disaster will be sent back to Italy by the Italian consuls at Bizerta, Tunis and Malta.

PROPOSAL TOC HARTER SHIPS TO REMOVE DETAINED GOODS

Submitted to State Department by New York Syndicate.

Washington, Nov. 14.—A proposal to charter American-owned ships, manned by American crews and flying the American flag to bring out of Rotterdam millions of dollars' worth of goods detained there on account of the British orders in council, has been submitted to the State Department by a New York syndicate headed by Jules E. Bernard. The department has not indicated what would be its attitude toward such a plan. It was learned tonight that the project was brought to the attention of Counselor Polf, who declined to state what action would be taken in the event that one of the chartered ships were captured by a British cruiser and taken to a prize court.

The plan is to accept for shipment to the United States, all American-owned goods for which the British foreign office has refused permits and to invite the British consul at Rotterdam to inspect the ships as they are loaded.

CIVIL SERVICE MEN MEET

Adopt Resolutions at Mass Meeting Held in New York.

New York, Nov. 1.—At a mass meeting here today Congress was urged to enact laws providing for the retirement of pension of civil service employes after 30 years' service. The meeting was held under the auspices of the National Association of civil service employes with Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port of New York, as chairman.

A resolution offered by Edward Gaynor, of Indiana, president of the Letter Carriors' Association, asking for a pensioning law, was passed. Copies of the resolution will be sent to President Wilson and to members of Congress and a definite campaign will be launched to obtain the passage of a law embodying the retirement and pensioning demands.

ITALIAN STEAMER SUNK

Fate of the Occupants of One of the Lifeboats Not Known.

Rome, Nov. 14.—The Italian steamship Bosnia has been sunk by a submarine flying the Austrian flag. The passengers and crew boarded four lifeboats, three of which have landed but the fate of the occupants of the fourth is not known.

The Bosnia was 2,561 tons gross and was built in 1898. She was 307 feet long, 39 feet beam and 25 feet deep. Her home port was Venice and she was owned by the Societa Nazionale Di Serviza Marittima, of Rome.

Admission to Corn and Agricultural Show—Adults 10 cents; Children 5 cents.—(Advertisement.) 2t

CHICAGO OFFICERS MAKE BIG CAPTURE

(Continued from Page One.)

rested her husband on a charge of selling beer without a license.

Organized Into Territory.

Streeter is estimated to have secured as much as $100,000 from the sale of lots in the district. In the late nineties Streeter decided to organize the district as a new territory of the United States and to secede, not only from the city of Chicago, but from the state of Illinois.

An election was held by those living on the tract, one of the shacks was denominated the territorial capital and a territorial judge, marshal, surveyor and other officials were elected. Streeter modestly chose the office of territorial clerk. All were sworn in before a clerk of the Federal court here. Streeter went to Washington and applied for admission to Congress as the first delegate from the new territory.

Owners of property near the district organized against him, gained a number of court decisions and most of the occupants were driven off. Streeter returned in 1900.

INCREASE IN EARNINGS

Annual Report of B. & O. Railroads Shows Prosperous Year

Baltimore, Nov. 14.—The annual report of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, which will be submitted to the stockholders at the annual meeting here tomorrow, shows that the net revenue from railway operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, last, was $27,890,289.60, an increase of $3,129,668.15, as compared with the previous year.

Total operating revenues were $91,-$15,797.34, a decrease over the previous year of $7,384,212.63. Total operating expenses were $63,925,507.24, a decrease of $10,477,880.78.

LAYMEN IN CONVENTION

Many Protestant Denominations Represented at Boston.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 14.—The raising of $50,000,000 annually to support 25,000 missionaries was advocated by J. Campbell White, president of the University of Wooster, in an address at the opening today of the Boston laymen's convention, representing many protestant denominations.

Edwin M. Poteat, president of Furman University, of South Carolina, predicted that the coming business man would be a total abstainer for the sake of efficiency.

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 14. — After three days' exhibition at Panama-California Exposition, the Liberty Bell was escorted today by a large military and naval parade to its special car, which left late tonight for Los Angeles. There the Bell will be exhibited, before starting on its return trip across the continent.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

BEGINNING TODAY AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney buses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto. Transit Co. no15-tf

PRINTING — "BUY IT IN WILMINGton." Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Company. no14-6t

EDUCATE YOUR DOLLARS BY teaching them the sense of buying a lot at Castle Heights. It doesn't take many of them to do it, so investigate and then do it. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. no15-1t

BOY WANTED — GOOD, SMART BOY, about 16 or 17 years old, to clerk in store. Can either go to day or night school and hold employment. Apply J. W. Plummer. no15-1t

WANTED—POSITION WITH WHOLEsale house, as either shipping clerk, office assistant, city or traveling salesman. Twenty years experience; best of references. Address "Employment," care Star. no15-2t*

LOST — BUNCH OF KEYS; LEFT ON desk in Post Office. Please return to me at Y. M. C. A. Reward for recovery. J. C. Snyder. no15-1t*

BEGINNING TODAY, AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney busses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto Transit Co. no15-tf

KODAK FINISHING—THE BEST POSsible results guaranteed from every roll or film brought to us. Developing, printing and enlarging. If we don't get it out, you haven't got it. Little Billie, 10 1-2 North Front st., over Honnet's. no14-3t

TWO GREAT BARGAINS—A BRAND new cottage No. 1221 South Sixth street, lot 33 by 77 1-2. Only $150.00 cash needed. A 12 per cent investment. Cottage No. 1110 Queen, lot 40 by 66, rents for $60.00 per year. Price $500.00. Good investment. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. no 14-2t

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASsociation will hold their books open one more week, for those who overlooked subscribing for stock. James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer, 118 Princess street. no 14-3t

BEGINNING TODAY AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney buses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto. Transit Co. no15-tf

WANTED — DEC. 1ST, OR EARLIER, position in store by young man of good characteer and best references. Small salary at first. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address "N. H.," care Star. no14-2t*

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH TWO years experience in bookkeeping and office work is open for position. Best references. Willing and conscientious. Address H. Thompson, Sloop Point, N. C. no 13-4t*

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, LA VALLIERS, cameos, brooches, and a full line of solid gold jewelry on display at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front street; Phone 642. no4-tf

A REAL CURIO FOR SALE—AN OLD fashioned flint lock Revolutionary horse pistol, twenty-two inches long, with musket size bore. If interested address "Flint Lock" care Star. no 6-tf

BOYS WANTED — 50 BOYS WANTED to make a canvass in residential part of the city for Saturday Evening Post customers. Sample copies supplied. Apply to J. T. Gordon, 17 Princess street. oc27-tf

FOR SALE — TWO 72 BY 18 RETURN Tubular boilers, 125 H. P., 120 pound steam pressure, with stacks. Everything in good order. Can be examined on foundations. Address P. O. Box 57, Wilmington, N. C. no12-3t

WANTED — BURNED OUT MOTORS, generators and transformers, to repair. Charlotte Electric Repair Co., Charlotte, N. C. no12-10t*

FRONT STREET STORE FOR RENT. Next to Bijou. Very desirable location. Two floors. Steam heat furnished. Will not be vacant long. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple building. no11-tf

JUST ARRIVED — FRESH SHREDded cocoanut; Gold Medal flour; raisins, currants, dates, smoked salmon, smoked eel noodles, spaghetti, macaroni, all kinds cheese, meats, fruit and vegetables, at May Brothers, 24 North Front street. 'Phone 1322. no9-tf

WANTED — MY FRIENDS AND FORmer patrons to know that I am again open for business at No. 22 South Second street. Let me do your stove work. Fire boards reasonable. W. B. Klander. 'Phone 431. no2-tf

DRESSED CHICKENS AND TURKEYS today; also venison, very best of beef, veal, lamb, country pig pork, any cut; sausage, all pork, best in the city; fresh oysters on every train; all kinds of fresh vegetables; country eggs. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. Phone No. 72. no 13-tf

WANTED — TO BUY, PINE LOGS, DElivered by rail or water to Angola Lumber Company's mill. J. N. Bryant. mh23-tf

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, for light housekeeping, on Walnut street, between Front and Second streets, water and lights and use of phone, free. $12.50 per month. Desire couple without children. Answer Box 422, or phone 1740-J. no 14-3t*

DIRECT MAIL ADVERTISING—"BUY it in Wilmington," Harriss Typewriting & Advertising Company. no 14-6t

TRAVELLING — WHEN YOU THINK of travelling, your mind will not let you forget pour Pullman reservation. We want to show you an automobile at $740, with an equal significance, in the motoring world, that the Pullman carries in railway travel. Gilbert and Memory; 'Phone 879. no14-7t

EXPERT TYPEWRITING — "BUY IT in Wilmington." Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Company. no14-6t

IMPERIAL HOTEL— REOPENS UNDER new management Monday, November 15th. Location, Ideal; comfortable accommodations, reasonable rates. We solicit your patronage. Give us a trial. Mrs. Elizabeth McIntosh. no 13-3t

NOTICE—FOR SALE, SCHOOL HOUSE and lot, one acre in district No. 4, Carver's Creek township, Bladen county, N. C. For information address W. T. Flynn, East Arcadia, N. C. no 13-20t

WANTED — POSITION BY REGISTERed druggist. Fifteen years experience. Thirty-five years old. Neat appearance; knows how to handle trade; A-1 reference. Address "Salol," care Broadway Pharmacy, Asheville, N. C. no12-4t*

The American National Bank
OF WILMINGTON.
4% PAID ON SAVINGS.
Capital and Surplus . . . . . $ 300,000.00
Resources 2,500,000.00
Thos. E. Cooper . President
Geo. O. Gaylord, Vice-Pres. C. E. Bethea, Cashier.
E. Fred Banck, Ass't Cashier.

THE FIREPROOF MURCHISON BUILDING
MODEL OFFICES

REMEMBER — "AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION!"
VORTEX SANITARY SERVICE: SODA FOUNTAIN SAFETY.
FOR THOSE WHO DISCRIMINATE.
USED EXCLUSIVELY AT
THE FOUNTAIN AT The Rexall Store
ELVINGTON and Dependable MINTZ Druggists

COTTON STORAGE
We now have space to Store Cotton, and are prepared to Issue Bonded Warehouse Receipts therefor
W. B. THORPE & CO.

Compressing and Storage
We are prepared to store and compress Cotton for the public at reasonable rates.
Advances made, if desired.
Hilton Compress & Warehouse Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ARE YOU CORRECT
Be sure that your Stationery is of the Right Quality and Style.
We have all of Hurd's and Crane's fashionable sizes and tints, both in boxes and pound packages.
Ask to see our new samples of Engraved Wedding Stationery, Monograms and Calling Cards, Etc.
C. W. Yates Co.
Market Street

American Consul at Munich Dining With British Enemy.

Thomas St. John Gaffney. Sir Roger Casement.

This remarkable photograph of Thomas St. John Gaffney, American consul at Munich, Germany, dining with Sir Roger Casement, the Irishman on whose head the British are said to have set a price of 5,000 pounds, shows one reason why he has been recalled by the Secretary of State. Sir Roger had to flee Ireland and Great Britain a long time ago because of his political activities. So anxious was the British government to get him that a large reward was offered for him. He went to Germany, where he was safe. There, as the photograph taken in Munich by H. Hoffmann shows, he was in social intercourse with an official American representative.

It is possible that representations made by the British government because of such incidents had something to do with the action of the State Department in recalling Gaffney.